

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, AUG. 22, 1895.

NUMBER 52.

## ALL SUMMER GOODS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

New Fall Goods arriving every day, and we must have room.

### What's Left Goes Cheap.

Remember, not a dollar's worth of old goods.

We are closing out now what's left of one of the largest and handsomest lines of Summer Goods shown this season anywhere within forty miles of Chelsea.

Makes no difference how much you have bought when you see the class of goods we are now moving with a rush, some at not over one-half actual value, you will want more and wish you could get still more.

Look for yourself. Judge for yourself.

**W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.**

Largest Retail Store in Washtenaw Co.

## HOAG & HOLMES.

We are offering some Special Bargains in Crockery and Glassware.

Our Stock is Complete.

We have a number of Stock Patterns to select from of the best makes. We have one Decorated Pattern in a 56-piece Tea Set for \$3.89; and 112-piece Dinner Set for \$8.04.

Fruit Jars, Covers and Rubbers; also Jelly Cups. A good half-gallon Glass Jug for 16 cents.

## HOAG & HOLMES.

Hammocks and Croquet Cheap.

### We Sell the New Gale Plows

In Steel and Wood Beam. It is the best General Purpose Plow Made. Give it a trial.

We are making Special Prices on Plow Points for fall trade. Four Genuine Gale Points for \$1.00. Farmers take advantage of this offer.

We still Sell Furniture at Lowest Prices ever heard of. Walker Buggies at Factory Prices, and Lumber Wagons Very Cheap.

**W. J. KNAPP.**

**JOHN BAUMGARDNER,**  
Designer and Builder of

**Artistic Granite Memorials.**  
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.  
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granits in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

#### Died.

Died, at the home of its parents in Lyndon, on Monday, Aug. 12, 1895, the little 2 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Marshall, after a short illness. The funeral was held from the Presbyterian Church, Unadilla. Rev. W. C. North preached an appropriate sermon from the text Luke 18:16.

The following lines were composed on the occasion by a friend:

One morning to our home there came  
The Shepherd kind and good,  
To gather to His loving arms  
A form of babyhood.

He sent His angel for the lamb,  
The sweet one saw and smiled.  
"I'm coming, gentle Jesus!"  
'Twas our darling baby child.

And the angel hovered nearer,  
And bore her safe away  
To the loving, gentle Jesus,  
To the realms of endless day.

#### Marriage Licenses.

A new law becomes operative on August 30 next which requires all females under the age of eighteen years, who desire marriage licenses, to file with the county clerk a written consent that a license may issue, signed by either of her parents or by a legal guardian. This law is one of the products of the recent legislature and amends a former law which required the county clerk to obtain permission from the parents of a girl under the age of fourteen years before issuing a license. The amendment was approved by the governor June 1. There are a large number of licenses issued to females under the age of eighteen years, and the new act will probably interrupt marriages until its provisions are more generally known.

In order to comply with the law, blanks may be obtained from the county clerk or a written statement may be made to the following effect:

To the clerk of — County, Mich.:  
I (mother, father or guardian) of Miss —, a minor under the age of eighteen years, hereby consent to her marriage.  
Dated, —, Residence, —, Name, —.

#### Expenses.

It cost in 1894 to support all grades of our ministers, pay the current church expenses, repairs and improvements on church property, \$22,184,209.

The total contributions to connexional benevolent societies was \$2,370,650. Of this sum \$1,323,600 was expended on work in the United States and \$1,047,000 in foreign fields.

The missionary society received \$1,184,109. Yet so vast is the work and so pressing the need that the financial depression has seriously affected the treasury, and a debt of \$175,000 has necessarily been incurred to keep up work already begun. How easily this could be met if the individual members of the great Methodist host would each lift a little! What immense advance would be made if each would do his proportionate share according to his ability and his pledged word of honor given to God and the church when he joined in full!

#### How to Make Lavender Water.

Lavender water is a delicious and essential clean odor, delicious for the bath, from which it derives its generic name—lavendula—and preferred by many to bay rum or Florida water. Here is a formula, said to be an excellent one, if any of our lady readers desire to make up a quantity for their home use. This will make a half gallon, and will be as good as any that can be bought already prepared, and much cheaper, so we are told. If you do not care for as much as given you can divide the amounts named by 2 or by 4, and thus make a quart or a pint respectively: For lavender water take two ounces (avoirdupois) finest oil of lavender; essence of musk (finest), one imperial fluid ounce; essence of ambergris (finest), and oil of bergamot (recent), of each one-half ounce; rectified spirits (90 per cent scentless), one-half gallon; mix by agitation.—Ex.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says "Shiloh's Vitalizer saved my life. I consider it the best remedy I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

## Close Buying, Bargain Hunting Customers

Drop in to the Bank Drug Store and you will find what you are looking after. It will pay you to make a practice of reading our ads. every week, as the last one always has the best bargains.

**The Best** Are the only satisfactory kind to buy,  
**Fruit Jars** and the only ones we handle. Every jar is guaranteed to be perfect.

When you want a good cup of

**Tea or Coffee**

Buy the goods at the Bank Drug Store and you are sure of getting what you want.

#### We Quote You This Week:

22 lbs granulated sugar for \$1.  
Fresh lemons 20c per dozen.  
10 pounds best rolled oats for 25c  
16 oz plug tobacco for 20c  
Choice Herring 12c per box.  
27 oz bottle of best Olives for 25c.  
Full cream cheese 12c per pound.  
34 pounds brown sugar for \$1.  
All \$1 patent medicines from 58c to 75c.  
A good tea dust at 8c per pound.  
50 pounds sulphur for \$1.  
All 50c patent medicines from 28c to 38c.  
Our 19c coffee makes a rich, strong drink.  
Pure Epsom salts 2c per lb.  
A first class lantern for 29c.  
2 packages any yeast cakes for 5c.  
9 sticks chicory for 10c.  
Pure saltpetre 7c per lb.  
10 cakes good laundry soap for 25c.  
Fresh seedless Sultana raisins 5c per lb.  
Try our 25c fine cut.  
Banner smoking tobacco 15c per lb.  
25 boxes matches for 25c.

5½ pounds best crackers for 25c.  
A good Fine Cut 19 cents per pound.  
Choice dried beef, 10c per pound.  
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.  
Large cans peaches for sauce, 10c per can.  
8 lbs broken rice for 25c.  
Special molasses sale, 16c per gal.  
All 25c patent medicines from 12c to 18c.  
Strongest ammonia 3c per pint.  
Ask our customers about our teas.  
All pills and plasters 12c to 18c.  
Glauber salts 2c per lb.  
Good canned corn 5c per can.  
Spirits camphor 35c per pint.  
A good mince meat 5c per package.  
A cup of best mustard for 5c.  
4 lbs California prunes for 25c.  
Tincture Arnica 30c per pint.  
Tomatoes, standard quality, 7c per can.  
Our best molasses always pleases. Try it.  
2½ lb can baked beans for 10c.  
Highest market price for eggs.  
4 lbs choicest 4 Cr raisins for 25c

## F. P. Glazier & Co.

### COAL AND LUMBER.

Now is a good time to place your order for Coal. We offer the best Lehigh Valley Coal for July and August delivery, at \$4.90 per ton, delivered at your house.

We are also prepared to quote you lower prices on all grades of Lumber, Lath and Shingles than have ever been heard of in this part of the country. We are selling a grade of Lumber at \$12.00 per thousand that other dealers have been selling at \$20.00. We would be pleased to quote you prices. Best Marble Head Lime 65 cents per barrel. Respectfully,

**THE GLAZIER STOVE CO.**

## MEAT FIT TO EAT.

Having purchased M. Boyd's meat business, I shall continue to keep a first-class meat market at the old stand. I shall endeavor to cater satisfactorily to the wants of customers, and cordially invite all my old friends to call. Respectfully,

**JOHN BAGGE, Chelsea.**

## It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

**This Applies Also**

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

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CLEVELAND, OHIO.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

AUGUST-1895.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
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29	30	31				

## THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

### DOMESTIC.

MAX L. GUTMAN, a retired jewelry manufacturer at Rochester, N. Y., tried to kill his four daughters by shooting them. The women escaped and then Gutman shot himself fatally.

GEORGE P. TINKER set 81,041 ems of agate type in eight continuous hours, correcting all errors. This performance smashes all previous records made on the typesetting machines and confirms him as the most rapid typesetter in the world.

By the alteration of brands it was discovered that thousands of head of cattle had been stolen in Wyoming and run north into Montana, where they were sold.

JESSE C. JONES, a Minneapolis lumberman, failed for \$150,000.

THE Bank of Shelby, Tenn., suspended with liabilities of \$107,000.

In a 20-mile bicycle race at Minneapolis Burney Bird, of St. Paul, broke the world's record, making the distance in 54:17.

A TORNADO, rain and hailstorm struck Belle Plaine, Minn., doing great damage.

THE first national convention of commercial lawyers of the United States met in Detroit with nearly every state and territory represented.

Hot winds were blowing over Iowa, doing great damage to corn.

LON DAVIS, John Bell and William Thomas (all colored) and Frank Bennett (white) were shot by an unknown negro at St. Louis.

A BIG strike of tin ore near Willets' gold camp in Colorado was reported. Tests showed that it ran 26 per cent. tin.

A CLAM shell containing fourteen handsome pearls was found in the St. Joseph river at St. Joseph, Mich.

JAMES AMICK was shot and killed by Mrs. Ella Amick near Eureka, Kan. He attempted to horsewhip her when she retaliated.

A NATIONAL conference of silver democrats met in Washington for the purpose of agreeing upon a line of policy to be pursued in the interest of silver in the democratic party. Nineteen states were represented.

RECEIVER McNULTY sold in Chicago eighteen plants of the old whisky trust to the reorganization committee for \$9,800,000.

THE new system adopted by the Western Union Telegraph company of employing boys on bicycles to deliver messages proved satisfactory in New York.

MERCHANTS of Ohio, Indiana and Michigan met at Columbus and organized the National Wholesale Buyers' association, the object being to purchase in large quantities direct from the producers and thus save for themselves the profits of the eastern jobber.

FRANK SWEET's efforts having failed to separate Mrs. Alice Burr from her husband, Frank Burr, of Chicago, and induce her to live with him, he shot her, probably fatally, and her friend, Mrs. Nichols, and then killed himself.

AN engine struck a cow on the Alton road near Slater, Mo., throwing it upon the cowcatcher, and three tramps who were riding thereon were killed.

JOHN SPOTENAGE, Curtin Ammons and John Blair were killed by the explosion of the boiler of a threshing near Morgantown, W. Va.

THOMAS HOYENED, the famous artist, was killed by the cars near Norristown, Pa., in attempting to save the life of a little girl. The child was also killed.

By the overturning of a hosereel at Cincinnati Capt. Ed Meyers and Pipe-man Al Doherty were fatally injured.

CORNELIUS VANDERBILT and wife opened the doors of their new summer palace "The Breakers," at Newport, R. I. The building cost \$3,000,000.

A BOAT capsized in Highland lake near Eldred, N. Y., and three men were drowned.

At Ellensburg, Wash., Samuel Dinsom and his son Charles were hanged by a mob for murdering Michael Kohloph and Joseph N. Bergman in a saloon row.

In New York Fred Titus made 10 miles on a bicycle in 20:54.3, breaking all previous records for the distance.

The official returns for August show that the prospective fruit crop of the country, taken as a whole, was much larger than for several years.

The business part of Pikeville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire, only one store being left standing.

MARY C. KORSANKE, aged 23 years, was killed and her betrothed, Jacob Westover, was probably fatally hurt in a runaway at Kalamazoo, Mich.

ACCORDING to the census just completed the population of Duluth, Minn., is 59,396, a gain of 20,381 since 1890.

DURING a storm near Marshall, O. T. Mr. and Mrs. William House, but lately married, were killed by lightning.

THE shops of the Colorado Midland railroad at Colorado City, Col., were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

T. D. MARSHALL, member of the state legislature; H. H. Coleman and R. T. Fox, prominent residents of Vicksburg, Miss., were sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of R. T. Dinkins in a quarrel.

AS THE result of family quarrels Mrs. William Browning, of Evansville, Ind., shot and killed her husband and then blew out her own brains.

Mrs. D. H. REYNOLDS was killed and Mrs. S. L. Cook probably fatally hurt by being thrown from a buggy in a runaway at Albion, Ind.

LOUIS GIMM, of Cleveland, O., rode 455 miles on a bicycle in 24 hours, beating the world's record.

TOM ROBISON, of Fairbury, Ill., at the fair grounds in Bloomington ran 100 yards in 9 3-5 seconds, breaking the world's record.

It was discovered that Chinamen were being smuggled into New York from Havana by hundreds every month.

E. SHERMAN's distillery at Leavenworth, Kan., recently built at a cost of \$200,000, was burned. No insurance.

GREAT damage was done by a storm at Chickamauga park, near Chattanooga, Tenn. Some of the finest trees in the park were ruined.

THE town of Hindostan, Ind., was wiped off the face of the earth by an incendiary fire.

THE conference of free silver democrats concluded its session in Washington. The address to the party urges united action to have a white metal declaration at the national convention, and a candidate for president nominated who is a free coinage man. A plan of organization was also outlined for states to carry out.

MRS. ELEANOR BITTING, who lives near Washington, attempted to take the lives of her seven children by strangling them, but was prevented by neighbors. Mrs. Bitting was partially insane because of the death of her husband.

EMMETT DIVERS, a negro who killed Mrs. Cain near Fulton, Mo., a couple of weeks ago, was taken from jail by a mob and hanged to a railroad bridge.

A BICYCLE railroad has been incorporated to run from San Francisco to Santa Cruz, 90 miles.

MRS. M. H. CASE, 96 years old, and confined to her bed by infirmities of age, was burned to death at her home near Delaware, O.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 16th aggregated \$873,743,725, against \$976,032,215 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 13.0.

TWENTY-THREE men, charged with participating in the recent assault upon the colored people of Spring Valley, Ill., and with driving them from their homes, were arrested and held for trial.

TOM WILBUR, aged 91 years, committed suicide with a razor at Norwich, N. Y.

A LOG house near Arlington, Tenn., was burned. Mrs. Callie Harrill and two grown daughters perishing in the flames. Foul play was suspected.

MRS. WILLIAM HOWARTH, of Newark, N. J., and her brother, Joseph Shaw, of New York, met after an enforced separation of thirty years.

FIRE destroyed nearly the entire village of Ludlow Falls, O.

THE notorious Bedderly brothers, who had long been a terror to cattlemen on account of their bold thefts of cattle, were lynched by a vigilance committee in Buffalo County, S. D.

THERE were 196 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 16th, against 225 the week previous and 229 in the corresponding time in 1894.

THE thirtieth annual reunion of the Brotherhood of Locomotive engineers opened at Pittsburgh, Pa., with 1,000 members of the brotherhood present.

THE directors of the Commercial bank in Milwaukee decided to close the bank because of poor business.

DR. H. R. HOLMES and Dr. R. K. Aushland fought a duel at Portland, Ore., and both were fatally injured.

At Stineville, Ind., David Culross and Charles Deck fought a duel with knives, the outgrowth of an old feud between families, and both were fatally injured.

EIGHT men were killed and ten seriously hurt by the premature explosion of a blast near Mehafty, Pa.

THE Humane society will prevent the advertised bull fight at the Atlanta exposition if possible.

It was decided by Acting Attorney General Conrad that the appointment of Matt Ransom as minister to Mexico was illegal, on the ground that the salary of the office had been increased by congress while Mr. Ransom was senator.

It was estimated that the wheat crop of Nebraska would be 15,000,000 bushels and the corn crop 180,000,000.

JOHN JOHNSON (colored) was hanged at Mount Sterling, Ky., for killing Policeman Charles Evans on June 15.

THE Otis Elevator company at Cleveland, O., has gone out of business, giving as a reason the decreased demand for grain caused by bicycles and trolley cars.

CHARLES M. LININGTON, who did an extensive country business in Chicago in novelties and notions, failed for \$150,000.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE congressional democratic convention of the Tenth district of Georgia renominated J. C. C. Black by acclamation.

MRS. BERNETTY WOODARD celebrated her 100th birthday anniversary at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jeremiah Lockwood, near Coldwater, Mich.

REV. W. T. RICHARDSON, D. D., editor of the Central Presbyterian, died at his home in Richmond, Va., aged 75 years.

CHRISTIAN COONRAD, 116 years old, attended the Dubuque county harvest home picnic at Dyersville, Ia.

MARYLAND republicans in convention at Cambridge nominated Lloyd Lowndes for governor, Harry M. Claiborne for attorney general and L. E. P. Dennis for comptroller. The platform confines itself to state issues.

PETER FREDERICK ROTHERMEL, the well-known painter of "The Battle of Gettysburg," died at his home at Linfield, Pa.

AUNT CASSY CHRISTY, aged 100 years, died at Paint Creek, O.

NEW YORK democrats will hold their state convention at Syracuse on September 24.

SAM BELL MAXEY, who was United States senator from Texas from 1874 to 1886, died at Eureka Springs, Ark., aged 70 years.

### FOREIGN.

THE British parliament convened in London.

BULGARIANS burned several Mohammedan villages and killed thirty-five persons.

ROBERT HUDSON, a young and highly educated young man who had run through his own and his wife's fortunes, was hanged at York, England, for the murder of his wife and child in June last.

AN order was issued in Madrid calling 12,000 men into active service in September to fill vacancies due to the Cuban war.

TWELVE workmen were killed at the Germania shipbuilding yard at Kiel by the breaking of a gangway.

MANY villages were destroyed by a storm in Japan and over 3,000 persons were killed.

A TRAIN bearing a large detachment of Havana volunteers to the Santa Clara district was destroyed by dynamite and most of the soldiers were killed.

CHOLERA was said to be raging in alarming proportions in China, Corea and the Island of Formosa.

GENERAL LORD WOLSELEY has been chosen to succeed the duke of Cambridge as commander in chief of the British army.

### LATER.

A PLEASURE boat capsized at Ocean City, Md., and William Storrs and his wife and two children and Myrtle Stevens and Lina and Lulu Hall were drowned.

JOHN WALSH walked from San Francisco to Boston in ninety-three days, winning a wager of \$500.

THE Gummy hotel at Denver, Col., crowded with guests, was demolished by a terrific explosion and it was thought that forty or more persons lost their lives.

THE Ocean Bay View house at Hammell station, Rockaway Beach, was completely destroyed by fire. All the guests were saved.

A PARTY of lumber dealers who arrived at Tacoma, Wash., reported an unbroken chain of forest fires from the Rocky mountains to the Pacific ocean.

SAMUEL LEWIS, who murdered three men, was lynched at West Palm Beach, Fla., the mob also killing Jailer Gustave Kaiser.

THE city treasury at Montreal was robbed of \$40,000.

J. MOSE SMITH died at Honolulu. He was Hawaiian minister at Washington when the queen was dethroned.

THE foundation stone of a monument to Emperor William I. was laid in Berlin by his grandson, Emperor William II., with the most imposing ceremonies.

THE Massachusetts democratic state convention will be held at Worcester October 2.

THE sloop Jumbo, stone laden, was sunk at Newburyport, Mass. Capt. Stephen Orr and Seaman George Welch were asleep on her and were drowned.

THE mammoth Patent Steel Whip company's works in Springfield, O., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000.

NEAR Marion, Ill., Fred Hisholt shot and instantly killed William Malke and William Read in a quarrel over a game of cards.

A STORM at Pittsburgh, Pa., wrecked several buildings and killed Patrick McShane, John Adams and Millie Linbaugh.

FIRE destroyed a block of buildings at Algonquin, Ill., and F. D. Kozar and his daughter perished in the flames.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 7th were: Cleveland, 623; Baltimore, 615; Pittsburgh, 594; Chicago, 553; Philadelphia, 544; Cincinnati, 553; Boston, 543; Brooklyn, 521; New York, 500; Washington, 349; St. Louis, 326; Louisville, 341.

### SEVEN DROWNED.

Scared Women Upset a Sailboat with Awful Results.

OCEAN CITY, Md., Aug. 19.—Seven lives paid the penalty Saturday of the overcrowding of a small sail boat and the unreasoning fright of the women aboard, who, by springing to one side when the little craft shipped some water, overturned it and threw its occupants into the water. The boat contained ten persons, and of these ten only three were rescued when the boat capsized. The dead are:

William Storrs, aged 45 years, a sign painter; his wife, Mrs. Laura Storrs, aged 38, their two daughters, Ida May and Eva, 14 and 16 years respectively; Lina and Lena Hall, sisters, aged 16 and 18 years respectively, of Bishopville, Del., and Miss Myrtle Stevens, aged 14 years, of Selbyville, Del.

The Storrs family were residents of Philadelphia and lived at 4849 Lancaster avenue. The bodies of Storrs, his wife and two daughters and Miss Stevens have been recovered, but those of the Hall girls are still in the water.

Saturday Mr. Storrs made up a sailing party, the start being made for Hammocks' point. The point was safely reached and Skipper Hudson tacked towards the inlet. In coming about and in shifting from one side to the other of the passengers the boat keeled and shipped a few bucketfuls of water. The keeling of the boat frightened the women of the party and some of them sprang to their feet. The sudden movement of the terrified women threw the boat over and it capsized and the entire party was thrown into the water.

The boat for some reason sank, carrying down with it its skipper, Hudson. Hudson, with the strength of despair, succeeded in drawing the mast from the boat, and it immediately rose to the surface again. In the meanwhile Mr. Storrs had been supporting as well as he was able the struggling women. The water at the place where the accident occurred was only 6 feet deep and the shore was but a short distance off and it seemed possible that the entire party might reach it in safety. When the boat rose to the top of the water Mr. Storrs and Hudson succeeded in drawing the women of the party to it and getting them to grasp the rail.

The terrible exertions he had undergone, however, had exhausted Mr. Storrs' strength and as he reached out his hand to take hold of the boat, he sank beneath the water. The disappearance of her husband unnerved Mrs. Storrs and she released her hold of the boat and threw herself towards the spot where he had gone down as if to try and save him. She, too, sank, and her children, horrified by the drowning of both parents, became hysterical and, losing their strength, let go the boat and sank. The two Hall girls became exhausted and drowned together. In the meanwhile the terrified shrieks of the party had brought assistance from shore, and just as the rescuers were within a few oar strokes of the capsized boat Myrtle Stevens slipped from it and went under. Hudson, William Hall, brother of the Hall girls, and Miss Ida May Hudson, who still clung to the boat, were rescued in an exhausted condition.

The bodies of the drowned were immediately grappled for and all were recovered but those of the Hall girls. The bodies were in a horrible state when drawn to the surface. The crabs had eaten the flesh from the faces, the eyes were gouged out and the fingers chewed off to the knuckles.

### BURNED TO DEATH.

Father and Daughter Perish by Fire at Algonquin, Ill.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 19.—A disastrous fire occurred at the little town of Algonquin, near this city, at an early hour Sunday morning, during which two people were burned to death. Their names are: A. Kuzar, aged 40; Nellie Kuzar, aged 4, his daughter.

The fire broke out in Mr. Kuzar's shoe store. The family, consisting of the proprietor, his wife and two children, were asleep in the second story and it was with great effort that they were aroused by the only watchman the village supports. Mr. and Mrs. Kuzar and one child escaped, but the daughter was not to be found. Mr. Kuzar rushed into the burning building to recover her, but was overcome by smoke and perished. The remains of father and daughter were found later. The fire destroyed four buildings. The loss was \$20,000.

A MICHIGAN TOWN'S LOSS.

Nine Buildings Burned in Montgomery—Loss Between \$30,000 and \$40,000.

MONTGOMERY, Mich., Aug. 19.—Early Sunday morning fire destroyed between \$30,000 and \$40,000 worth of business property here. Nine buildings were burned, including Alward's drug store, Jones & Sons' dry goods store, Perego & Sons' shoe store, the odd fellows', masonic and G. A. R. halls, Spalding & Ritchie's meat market, Kimmel's restaurant and G. Headley's harness shop. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The insurance aggregates \$13,300.

Win Their Fight.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The jacket makers who struck about four days ago were successful and have won their fight. Up to Saturday morning 215 contractors had given up the fight and signed the agreement with the strikers. There are only half a dozen contractors now to be heard from.

## Weak and Weary

Because of a depleted condition of the blood. The remedy is to be found in purified, enriched and vitalized blood, which will be given by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. It will tone the stomach, create an appetite and give renewed strength. Remember

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye to-day. \$1; six for \$5.

## Hood's Pills

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10c and 25c a box. Book FREE at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

SWAMP KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE.

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5 to 7 1/2—\$1.25 11 to 13 1/2—\$1.75 8 to 10 1/2—1.50 1 to 3—2.00

IF YOU CAN'T GET THEM FROM YOUR DEALER WRITE TO

HAMILTON-BROWN SHOE CO., ST. LOUIS.

Corticelli Lace Embroidery.

The materials for this work are Corticelli Lace Embroidery Silk, size No. 500 and Honiton braid; these are applied to fine bleached linen in simple but pretty designs, which give the work popularity.

"Florence Home Needlework" for 1895, which is now ready, explains the subject fully. The other subjects are Mosaic Embroidery (new designs), Crochet and Correct Colors for Flowers, embroidered with Corticelli Wash Silk.

Send 6 cents, mentioning year, and we will mail you the book: 96 pages, 66 illustrations.

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## GRANDDADDY LONGLEGS.

Through the dreamlike mist that floats  
Up the path of childhood,  
Like a night bird's plaintive notes  
Piping from the wildwood,  
Comes the singsong threnody  
Of a farm-boy roaming  
Far down the dewy lee,  
In the dusky gloaming:  
"Granddaddy Longlegs—  
With yer strip-ed trouserz—  
Take yer longes' p'inter an'  
Tell me where my cows is!"

Over the clover bank and sweet  
Flows the cowbell's tinkle,  
Out beyond the rip'ning wheat  
Fireflies are a-twinkle;  
In and out among the hedge  
Nimble hares are leaping,  
And along the forest's edge  
Dark and dank, is creeping—  
"Granddaddy Longlegs,  
Tell me where my cows is.  
An' I'll pull yer p'inter an'  
R' spile yer strip-ed trouserz!"

Years of peace have come and gone—  
Crash and blare of battle,  
Yet the farm-boy still plods on  
Hunting for the cattle;  
And his singsong threnody  
Sets my pulses beating,  
Till my lips move lispingly—  
All my soul repeating:  
"Granddaddy Longlegs—  
With yer strip-ed trouserz—  
Take yer longes' p'inter an'  
Tell me where my cows is!"  
—S. Q. Lapius, in Ohio Farmer.

## MY RIVAL.

BY LEON ABBY.

I was sure Jack loved me. He had, in an intermittent sort of way, ever since we were married three years before. But, after the noble fashion of men, having gotten possession of the desired object, and being sure that the heart of that object belonged entirely and wholly to him, he had ceased to make much effort to show his affection, or even keep it up to normal heat. Occasionally there was a relapse to the old loverlike devotion, a little anxiety on his part to give me some of his society, a little recreation, a bit of fun in the shape of an old-time jaunt that used, alas! to be so many and now were so rare.

But, on the whole, things moved on in a jog-trot way, varied once in awhile by a burst of tears and sobs from me, that at first he tried to soothe and from which at last he rushed away. Some of my older friends told me my experience was the usual one. "Men, my dear," said my Cousin Theo, a pretty matron ten years my senior, "men are not put up as we are, unfortunately no. In proportion as a woman grows fond they grow cold. Never were words more truly written than Byron's 'Love is of man's life a thing apart, etc. I had to get used to it myself and I shed buckets of tears the first year Tom and I were married. The first night he staid at the club till one and smelled frightfully of wine when he got home. I nearly had a fit. I cried and vowed I should go back to dear mamma. But I didn't, and now we get on comfortably. The bills are my greatest sorrow, and nothing short of the sight of Tom actually kissing the cook or eloping with an opera singer would arouse my indignation." I thought Theo heartless; the future she pictured seemed a dreary one, but I gradually fell into that very state of mind. I grew to be servilely grateful for the crumbs of old-time tenderness that fell to my lot, and even sometimes congratulated myself that Jack refrained from actually being unkind. Such is the humility of women and dogs.

But there came a change. I thought I was hardened to almost as much as Cousin Theo, but I found that things had not been so bad that they could not be worse.

Jack grew more and more distraught. When he had read the paper, instead of his usual polite inquiries after my health, occupations, etc., he relapsed into deep fits of reverie. Something was certainly troubling him. I was sorry for him; even ventured to put a caressing hand on his soft brown hair, and ask if business was going wrong. He would rouse himself, answer hastily, and, getting his hat, go off hurriedly. There were many little sermons preached on economy about this time; the duty of a woman to save (our income was a very moderate one). When I spoke of a trip to the country, the proposition met with ominous silence at first. Then "could I go alone this year?" Didn't I think it was about as pleasant at home as anywhere. Now, in our little country trips Jack had seemed more like the dear old fellow who had wooed and won me in the sweet past. I was loath to give it up. But my heart had taken in these oft-repeated lessons as to woman's duty. Visions of selfish wives flaunting gayly at seashore and mountain resorts while their dear lords at home were submerged by waves of care, loaded down by bulk of work, rose before me. No, I would not be selfish, I said bravely; I would stay at home, and was rewarded by an old-time kiss.

But the atmosphere did not clear. Jack tossed restlessly in his sleep. He groaned and muttered almost unintelligible words. Lying over him with visions of delirium in my mind I was sure I caught an occasional word, even a phrase: "She is a beauty." O, I am sure he said that, and then "Ariel is a stunner." I woke him, but he denied having said a word. Groined at being waked and was distinctly cross. But life lost even its calm content for me. Yes, to be sure I had gotten accustomed to dull, gray days, to weeks of monotony, but I was not prepared

for this keen pain, this frightful jealousy that took possession of me. Jack was in love. There was no manner of doubt of it. Did he have all the signs—abstracted, silent, troubled, with dreams of the beloved, unattainable object, whoever she was? He was very busy in the office, I knew, but there were the evenings, the cool, scented summer nights that had once been so sweet. Jack would bolt his dinner, kiss me perfunctorily, and rush off. He had to meet a man at the club or he was going to father's. Father lived at the other end of town; but one evening I found my way out there. I was ashamed of myself. I hated the idea that I could not trust my husband. I would not watch him. Still in spite of it all my feet turned in that direction. Mechanically I took the car that led to the door of Jack's parental abode. I walked up to the veranda, on which sat a merry group of young people. They greeted me cordially.

"Where's Jack? Isn't he here?" I asked, with that sickening feeling at my heart that all jealous women know. "No, he hasn't been here for weeks." For weeks! And twice in the last week he had gone to "father's." I controlled myself bravely, laughed with the rest, and brother Will took me home. Ah! cruel mockery to call that abode of tears and sorrow home! It was home no longer. With a good-night I let myself into the silent house and threw myself on my bed in a fit of hysterical sobbing. Why, why did men make women love them only to neglect them, betray them! Why had Jack—my handsome, darling Jack—come into my happy life and taken me away only to forsake me so! Suddenly I heard this well-known step upon the pavement below. I sprang to my feet and put out the light, then speedily disrobed and got into bed before he had locked the doors and made all secure downstairs. He was very slow, I thought. His step seemed to have lost its elasticity. My heart contracted painfully as I thought of his long hours of absence. Where had he been? With whom had he spent those hours? I resolved I would be brave and cunning. I would not annoy him by any more useless tears. He hated tears. But I must be wise; I would not play the role of neglected, deceived wife any longer; I hated deceit and treachery, but I would watch him; I would surprise his secret and then act. Jack came upstairs slowly, stiffly, it seemed to me. He fell over a chair that in my hurry I had left near the door. It must have hurt him frightfully, for I am sure he said a bad word. Then he lighted the gas, and coming to the bed looked at me closely. I was sleeping quietly, serenely; not a line on my face nor a hurried breath betrayed the seething tumult within me. He was satisfied, apparently, and turned away. I looked at him through half-closed eyes and could scarcely restrain myself. On his white brow a cruel mark. His clothing was muddy and disarranged. He drew off his coat slowly and painfully and sank into a chair. I almost screamed, but my pride kept me still. Something terrible had happened to my husband. What could it have been? Had he met some relative of his inamorata's and one of those horrible scenes taken place with which the columns of our papers are full? Was it thus he returned to his wife, the woman he had sworn to love and honor? As he sat, sadly and disfigured in the armchair, seemingly too worn even to attempt to undress, I heard him mutter between clenched teeth: "I will win yet; I will not be conquered by such a—" I lost the rest, but the dreadful tragedy was clear. It had been easy enough to win me—I was a confiding fool—but this other one was not so lightly won. He had to encounter difficulties there. I made up my mind then and there to my course of action.

Next day—even so soon as that my time came. I had been kind, but, as usual, I had hidden my grief and pain. I would not have thought that I, innocent, trusting girl that I was but a few short months ago, could have developed into a watchful, double-faced woman; but sorrow is a thorough teacher. When Jack came to dinner that night he had his fidus Achates with him, Harry Fleming, a gay bachelor, and who, I felt sure, was Jack's confidant; of whom, indeed, I had been a little jealous once, but now I hardly knew whether to join hands with him as one who betrayed, or to look on him as a confederate of my faithless husband. His greeting was as warm and cordial as of yore, and as he held my hand I felt a little bit of warmth steal into my poor, cold heart. After dinner the gentlemen smoked their cigars on the veranda. I sat just inside the long windows and touched the keys softly. How often I had sat so, just where I could see Jack's curly head, his beautiful profile, and have been sure that when I struck some familiar chord he would turn and smile. Ah, then and now! He was oblivious of me, of my music. I stopped playing. I caught snatches of conversation. Harry's voice fell on my ear: "Well, old fellow, how are you getting on with—" The hateful word was lost as an electric car dashed by. Then Jack said: "Slowly. I am almost discouraged, I will admit. Would you like to go and see her?" Then he glanced into the shadowy room. "You there, Nell?" I made no answer. He stooped to eavesdrop. Was I not justified? They arose. I went from the back door into the hall, and as Jack called out: "Nell, we're going to the club," I answered calmly; but as they went to

the gate I sprang to the closet, snatched a long cloak and hat and veil, and when the men got on the car a woman followed them to whom they gave not even a glance.

The car dashed on. The veiled woman in the corner shivered with excitement. Down in the heart of the city the two men stepped off and made their way, closely followed by their fellow passenger, to a long, low building now lighted up, and from whence sounds of music issued. I recognized the place. It was the armory, where our brave militia were wont to gather, and which was more often the scene of a concert, fair, dog show, or some such exhibition. I had forgotten in my excitement to glance at the sign that was wont to show to outsiders the nature of the scene within. I passed close behind Jack and his friend, still unobserved. The big doors swung behind us. My heart beat wildly. Was the mystery to be cleared up? Was she here or was I still to be the victim? When I had got accustomed to the light I saw a group of men and women sitting around the hall watching intently. I paused, as did my escorts (?). My eyes followed theirs. Slowly circling round and round to the music of the band went men and women on their airy steeds. I hardly took them in, for the men turned to a fourth standing near and Jack said in tones of authority: "Bring her out, Joe." Then turning to Harry he went on: "I am ashamed of myself. I thought I was something of an athlete, but this creature has almost mastered me. Last night I got a terrible fall that about decided me to give up the effort, but you know I hate to be beaten at anything. I was so bruised and stiff after my header that I was almost afraid to go home. Fortunately Nell, dear girl, was asleep. I had a mark under my eye equal to a prize fighter's. I bathed it and luckily for me, with the aid of a little of Nell's powder, it was hardly visible in the morning and I was spared any embarrassing questions. I don't think Nell suspects. I have tried to keep it from her, for I imagined she would make fun of me for getting the fever, but, by Jove, it's been a hard thing to do. You know, Harry, it's the first secret I've had from my wife—O, here is Joe—" and Joe came leading my rival. She was a beauty; how beautiful the curves of the lovely wheels; how bright the silvery handles; how graceful every motion of Jack's new bicycle—my first and last rival.—Chicago Tribune.

## MADE HIM PAY HIS FARE.

He Wore Diamonds, But Was Trying to Cheat the Conductor.

It was in a Broadway cable car, and the car, which was bound down town, had just passed Chambers street, says the New York World.

In one corner sat a stout, prosperous-looking man who wore large and genuine diamonds. His right hand was clinched and evidently there was something in it.

Presently the prosperous man rose to go. An old lady who had been fuming on the opposite seat could stand it no longer. She called to the conductor.

"You see that man?" she said. "Well, he got in at Ninth street and has ridden down here without paying. Now he's going to leave the car and he means to do you out of five cents. You only get twelve dollars a week anyway, and you've got to see you're not robbed by a man like that."

The stout man blushed. "Madam," he said, "if I have not paid my fare it was purely accidental. But I'm sure I handed it to the conductor soon after I got in the car."

"Now I know you're a story-teller," said the woman, excitedly.

Then by a sudden movement she grabbed the stout man's right hand and wrenched it open. It contained a nickel. She handed the nickel to the conductor. The stout man got out hurriedly and darted into a bank to hide his confusion.

"I don't care," the woman exclaimed, beginning to blush at all the trouble she had made, "but I can't see a poor man with a family cheated like that."

## Watching Wild Turkeys Feed.

A writer in Bee Gleanings thus describes a troop of wild turkeys on a marsh in Missouri. He said they started out in the morning like a regiment of soldiers, taking the fields and woods, and everything that came before them, each turkey marching perhaps twenty feet from its neighbor. They went away every morning, and generally came in an hour before sundown, keeping up the same line of march in all their raids. About an hour before sundown they emerged from the woods, in a long line, all abreast. As they went over the pasture lot every cricket, grasshopper, bug and worm was pretty sure to be detected by their keen, sharp eyes, and you could see them do their work as they moved forward. Of course, they got into the cornfields some, but it is generally considered that they do enough good in their march to atone for the corn they take, for corn is cheap down in Missouri.

—Presently formerly meant instantly, immediately, and is used in this sense in scores of places by Shakespeare and other writers of his time. It is a curious illustration of the dilatoriness of human nature that a word which once meant instantly should come to be universally considered as meaning after a time.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

### The Prison Boards.

The state prison boards in annual joint session at Mackinaw adopted rules for the application of the parole system for convicts. The rules prescribe that the governor may parole prisoners on the recommendation of the prison board, who shall be guided by the information given by the wardens. Upon receiving parole the convict shall go at once to his place of employment, which must be provided for in advance, shall not leave that place without permission and shall not leave the state. He must report monthly as to where he is and what he is doing, and shall always be subject to return to prison for conduct unbecoming a good citizen. The board was in favor of continuing the contract system when good contracts can be secured, otherwise state account.

### Claims She Was Ugly.

Mary L. Gibbs was arrested at Manacelona for using the mails fraudulently. She had been matrimonially corresponding with Jacob Plissinger, of Locust Grove, Pa., representing herself a buxom, comely and lonely widow of 45 years, owning eighty acres of rich farming land and eager to fly to his arms. He sent her \$30 to do the flying with, and then, when she failed to materialize, came to her and found the woman as homely as a rail fence and with a husband already, who helped write the letters.

### Health in Michigan.

During the week ended August 10 reports sent in by sixty-one observers in various portions of the state indicated that inflammation of the bowels increased, and typhoid fever and dysentery decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 178 places, typhoid fever at forty-four, diphtheria at twenty-two, scarlet fever at twenty-seven, measles at six and smallpox at Detroit and Battle Creek.

### Both Took Poison.

Wilson Downey and his wife, after one week of married life, were found unconscious at Yale. They had taken poison. Downey recovered somewhat, but before any explanation could be obtained from him his father and brother hurried him off to their home in Sanilac county. It was known they were decidedly opposed to his marrying the girl. She was alive, with small chances for recovery.

### Elected Officers.

The annual session of the Michigan grand lodge, D. O. H. A., German Beneficent society, was held in Lansing. It has a total membership of 552, having gained 172 during the year, and has a balance of \$1,794 in the treasury. The following officers were elected: President, C. Hoppe, Lansing; vice president, Christ Vogel, Lansing; great marshal, Gustavus Zedler, Detroit; treasurer, Eugene Osterlin, Lansing.

### Found His Roll in His Pocket.

Maurice Flynn slept off a three dollar jag at the police station in Saginaw and when searched at the station the officers found only forty cents on him. He slept between an alleged pickpocket and a burglar, and when fined in the morning he pulled out a roll of bills footing over \$100 which had been overlooked by the officers and paid his fine.

### State Park at Mackinac.

Gov. Rich received from Secretary of War Lamont a letter inclosing documents whereby the National park at Mackinac island, together with the buildings and grounds in connection therewith, is formally transferred to the state of Michigan for state park purposes.

### Brief News Items.

Herbert Smith was drowned before his young bride's eyes at Otter Lake while rescuing John Crawford from the Flint river, where he had been seized with cramps.

Thomas Wilson, foreman for the Cranberry Lumber company, killed himself at Iron River by drinking carbolic acid while intoxicated.

The air compressor building and machinery at the Copper Falls mines were completely destroyed by fire. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$7,500.

Col. H. M. Duffield, of Detroit, has been selected to deliver the address for the state at the dedication of Michigan monuments at Chattanooga.

At a meeting of the prohibition state central committee at Jackson, Chairman Fanning presented his resignation and John Gilbertson, of Claire, was chosen as his successor.

C. C. Cordry was convicted at Flint of bigamy. Cordry had a living wife at Rensselaer, Ind., and left her in March last and went to Flushing and married Ellen Purcells, a beautiful young lady.

The executive committee of the Republican National league in session in Chicago named Aaron J. Bliss, of Saginaw, as treasurer of the league and treasurer ex-officio of the executive body.

Mrs. Bernette Woodward celebrated her 100th birthday anniversary at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jeremiah Lockwood, near Coldwater.

The annual pioneers' and farmers' picnic of Hillsdale county has been declared off, adjournment having been made to next year.

An unknown person fired two shots at a Michigan Central passenger train near Wayne. Fortunately none of the bullets took effect.

## TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM I.

Germany's Ruler Lays the Corner Stone of a Monument to His Grandfather.

BERLIN, Aug. 19.—The foundation stone of the monument to Emperor William I. was laid Sunday by his grandson, Emperor William II., with the most imposing ceremonies. The former Schloss Freiheit, where the monument is to be erected, was converted into a closed arena for the occupancy of the many guests who had been invited to attend the ceremony. Huge galleries for privileged spectators flanked the north and south sides of the arena, while on the west side, which borders the river Spree, a high wooden board had been erected, draped with the German and Prussian colors. Four pillars surmounted by mighty golden eagles divided this draped wall into three spaces.

Before the center space there was erected a spacious tent for the use of the emperor. This tent was decorated with crimson velvet, lion heads, iron crosses and oak and laurel wreaths. From the imperial tent a broad stairway descended to the spot where the stand was placed within a semicircle of Venetian masts, trimmed with bunting and banners and connected with festoons of live oak. The whole fest platz was surrounded by soldiers who kept the great crowds back from that part of the grounds set apart for the use of the emperor and his guests.

At 7:30 o'clock the royal personages assembled in the pavilion of the emperor. There were also present the members of the bundesrath and the reichstag who had been invited to tap the stone. All had to await for a considerable time the coming of the emperor. As his majesty emerged from the third gate of the palace, he was greeted with a flourish of trumpets. As he came out and stood by the stone Chancellor von Hohenlohe tendered to him an address, which his majesty read. After he had read a little time the bells in churches in the vicinity struck the hour of 9, and this drowned part of the text. The address read:

"In the name of the sovereigns and free cities of the empire we lay the foundation stone of the memorial to Emperor William the Great, which was voted unanimously by the reichstag. He, to whom it was reserved to fight for the liberation of Germany from foreign oppression, gave to the German tribes their long-yearned-for unity and a powerful position in the states of the world. He gave to Germany not only her army and navy, but her trade, commerce, arts and sciences also. To his enlightened initiative Germany owes the first step towards the practical furtherance of the interests of the working classes. May this monument ever look down on a happy and contented nation if such be God's will."

His majesty then threw some mortar into the bed of the stone, and was followed by Baron Bualivon Berenberg, president of the reichstag, who made an address. He then handed a hammer to Emperor William, who said, amid the thunder of canon as the stone was lowered into its place:

"To encourage the living, to the memory of the fallen, and as an example to coming ages I dedicate this monument to the memory of Emperor William the Great."

As he spoke the words he tapped the stone with the hammer, after which it was also tapped by the crown prince, the grand duke of Baden, the president of the bundesrath, the president of the reichstag and others.

The chaplain then pronounced the benediction, after which Chancellor von Hohenlohe called for three cheers for the emperor. These were given heartily by all present, and were taken up and repeated by the crowds that were watching the proceeding from the roofs of near-by houses. The troops then marched past the emperor, after which his majesty walked into the castle.

## VALKYRIE ARRIVES.

Defender's Rival for the American Cup Reaches New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Valkyrie III. has arrived. The boat which Lord Dunraven has built to wrest the America's cup and the yachting supremacy from Yankeeedom, is at anchor in New York harbor. After encountering heavy seas and considerable head winds since her departure from Gourock bay, Scotland, on July 27, the cup challenger arrived at Sandy Hook lightship at 7:30 o'clock Sunday evening, on her twenty-second day out. Her passage from Malin Head, where she dropped her tug on the other side, to Sandy Hook, 2,770 nautical miles, took her 21 days, 9 hours and 30 minutes, an average of 129 miles a day. After thorough inspection at quarantine the Valkyrie was towed to an anchorage off Liberty island.

## LET OFF WITH A LIGHT FINE.

Violator of the Illinois Game Law Must Pay \$800.

KEWANEE, Ill., Aug. 19.—In the criminal court Saturday a jury found H. Clay Merritt, the game dealer, guilty of but 161 counts of the 27,000 contained in the information filed by State's Attorney Graves, of Geneseo, for violation of the game laws in selling game out of season. The defense immediately entered a motion for a new trial, but the motion was overruled by Judge A. R. Mock, when Merritt's fine was fixed at \$5 per bird, making a total of \$805. This was the least fine that could be fixed, the maximum being \$25 per bird. By this verdict Merritt is freed from all danger of having to pay the enormous fines, amounting to \$675,000, which Game Warden Blow hoped to have imposed upon him.



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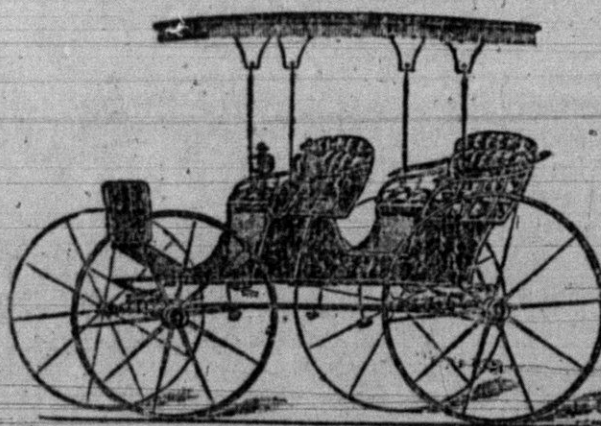
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## Chelsea and Vicinity.

Miss Anna Conaty is visiting Ann Arbor friends this week.

Miss L. Graham was the guest of Manchester relatives Sunday.

Born, Aug. 16, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lampert, a daughter.

Mrs. George Bell, of Petrolia, Canada, is visiting Mrs. M. J. Emmett.

Ben Hawley expects to move into his new house on Park street next week.

C. Steinbach visited friends at Ann Arbor and Whitmore-Lake last week.

W. P. Schenk and family are spending the present week at Cavanaugh Lake.

Mrs. E. Boardman, of Port Huron, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. J. Emmett.

The Glazier Stove Company is putting in a large duplex pump for fire protection.

B. Parker and wife called on friends at Stockbridge and Unadilla first of the week.

Mrs. B. Winans and daughter, Bessie, returned home from Lansing last Saturday.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday evening, Aug. 23rd, at 7:30.

The Misses Grace and Ethel Hitchings, of Saginaw City, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Arnold.

Mrs. Wm. Glover, of Clay Springs, Fla., is visiting Mrs. Merritt Boyd and other friends this week.

John Steglemaier has purchased a lot on East street of Jacob Mast and will erect a dwelling house on the same this fall.

W. M. Beach and wife, of Lansing, spent several days of last week with Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker, of Jefferson street.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor, of Whitmore Lake, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. John Greening, of this place, last week.

The dates of the Chelsea fair have been changed to Sept. 18, 19 and 20, 1895. Paste this in your hat and be sure and attend.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lutz and son, Arthur, of Saline, spent a few days of last week with Mrs. Lutz's uncle, Samuel Tucker.

R. A. Snyder is erecting an \$1800 house to replace the one recently destroyed by fire. Geo. Beckwith is overseeing the job.

The members of St. Paul's Sunday School held their annual picnic at North Lake last Thursday. They all report a pleasant time.

Louis Allyn brought into market last Tuesday the first load of home grown watermelons. Beissel & Staffan purchased the lot.

James P. Wood, who with his wife was visiting friends in the northern part of the state, was taken ill and brought home last Monday. At present he is improving.

A large number of the members of the German Workmen's Society of this village, together with the Maccabee band, are attending the German Day celebration at Ypsilanti to-day.

Fred Heller and son, Master Adolph, Mrs. Catherine Girbach and two daughters, the Misses Tillie and Paula, and Mr. and Mrs. Michael Wackenhut attended the funeral of a relative at Lodi last Sunday.

Ranson Armstrong, who with Roll West and Geo. Beckwith started for California, returned home last Sunday. They got as far as the Black Hills, when Ranson was laid up with a felon on his hand, which was the cause of his return.

Wm. Wood, of Lima, has decided to become a resident of Chelsea, and has purchased the Barnes property, corner East and Harrison streets. Mr. Wood will have the house remodeled and repaired before moving his family.

Among the leading attractions at our coming fair will be the races and ball games, as follows: Thursday, 2:40 trot, best 3 in 5, mile heats. Purse \$35, 1st \$20, 2nd \$10, 3rd \$5. Bicycle race, free for all. Three good prizes. Ball game, purse \$20. Friday, free for all trot or pace, best 3 in 5, mile heats. Purse \$80, 1st \$40, 2nd \$25, 3rd \$15. Three minute trot, best 3 in 5, mile heats. Purse \$25, 1st \$12, 2nd \$8, 3rd \$5. Ball game, purse not yet decided on.

There is a saying among the sporting fraternity and those who live by their wits that "there is a sucker born every minute." Judging from the manner in which the people bit at the bait thrown out by a street fakir who was selling medicines on the street last Wednesday evening, we are inclined to agree with the above saying. Those who blew their dollars up against this swindle would think themselves insulted if asked to contribute a like sum to any legitimate enterprise for benefitting themselves and the community in which they live.

## Only.

Only an empty sound, only a vacant chair. With plate and place at the table that no one else can share;

Only a broken heart, only a vacant stare, Only an empty sigh, with sadness every where;

Only an echo when I call her name; Only an empty space when my arm goes out to claim

My darling, precious mother; but now I wait in vain.

No matter where I go, for either way I look

I see some loving token, perhaps a treasured book;

May be the next a piece of work, hardly yet complete.

Only the memory of some loving word, as it comes up low and sweet;

Only the portrait of a smiling face, The silent shadow of a vanished form,

Pressed often to my own in glad embrace, With loving words and fond kisses warm.

It crushes down my strength, it racks heart and brain; But what to me is loss is her eternal gain.

Only waiting now in the mansions of the blest, Where the "wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest."

Com.

## All Figured Out.

The following from the Wall Street Daily News of August 2 is of interest, if for nothing else, to show how every possible advantage is used by the dealers in that great gambling center to boom or depress stocks and the prices of cereals:

"Unless a blighting frost occurs before its time, the corn crop of the western states this year will be by far the largest in their history. A much larger acreage than usual was planted, and the general yield per acre will be above the average. Frost is now the only thing which can seriously interfere with the full maturity of the crop. So much rain has fallen throughout the western section, and the ground is so thoroughly saturated with moisture, that were no more to fall from now until the crop is gathered it would not suffer from that cause to any appreciable extent. Conservative estimates of the crop of the three great western corn states—Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska—place the aggregate yield at 1,000,000,000 bu. Such a yield will give the railroads more traffic than they have had since 1892. This amount of corn alone, not to mention the other cereals and farm products which these states raise, would make 2,333,333 carloads of 24,000 lbs. each. Allowing forty cars to a train, it would make 58,333 train loads, or 160 trains of forty cars each per day for a whole year. Of course all the corn will not be sent to market in its original form. Much of it will be turned into beef and pork, but when that is done the traffic of the roads will be largely increased by the operation. For twelve months to come, then, the question confronting the railroads will not be how to get traffic, but how to find cars in which to transport it to the markets of the world. Where are the 2,333,333 cars coming from that will be required to haul this one article of freight or its equivalent?"

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only 25cts., 50cts, and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

## Excursions.

Labor Day, Sept. 2, 1895, Detroit, Mich., one first-class limited fare for round trip. Date of sale, Sept. 2, limited to return Sept. 3, 1895.

Sunday School Rally, Jackson, Aug. 29, 1895, one and one-half cents per mile each way. Date of sale Aug. 29, limited to return same day.

Labor Day excursion to Detroit, via Michigan Central, under the auspices of the Jackson Trades Council, Monday, Sept. 2, 1895. Train leaves Chelsea at 6:50 a. m. Fare for round trip, \$1.25.

Seventh Day Adventists' annual state camp meeting, Lansing, Mich., Sept. 11 to Oct. 2, 1895, one and one-third first-class limited fare for round trip. Date of sale Sept. 11, 18, 19 and 25, limited to return until Oct. 2.

Annual excursion to Petoskey and Traverse City and return, Aug. 28, 1895, via Michigan Central. Train leaves Chelsea at 9:17 a. m. Fare for round trip \$5.00. Tickets are good for return by any regular train until Sept. 6, inclusive.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Freeman's  
TABLE  
SUPPLIES.

We are headquarters for  
fresh, clean, first-class  
eatables.

THIS WEEK

As usual we are offering big  
advancements on the most important  
articles of seasonable eatables.

Cold Lunch Goods

In immense variety.

In Fresh Vegetables,

Fancy full ripe Tomatoes, choicest  
White Plume Celery, Evergreen  
Corn, Fancy Snow Ball Cauliflower,  
Sweet Potatoes.

Choice Fruit.

We have an abundance of fine  
Peaches, Pears, Grapes, Apples,  
Plums and Melons at very low  
prices. And you will admit that  
our fruit is far superior, cleaner and  
comparatively cheaper than some  
you will find offered for sale.

You Pay Your Money.

And you may as well enjoy the  
very best while you are about it.

Freeman's

Is the place to trade if  
you want the very best.

J. C. Twitchell,  
PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office in Hatch & Durand building.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN  
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,  
PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,  
Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the  
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and  
2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic  
and Ceramic Dent-  
istry in all their  
branches. Teeth ex-  
amined and advice  
given free. Special  
attention given to  
children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local  
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently  
located.

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Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

DR. BUELL,  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office over H. S. Holmes' Store.

Office hours—8 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 6 p. m.  
CHELSEA, MICH.

W. S. HAMILTON,  
Veterinary Surgeon.

Graduate of the Ontario Veteri-  
nary College, and member of the  
O. V. M. S.  
Office corner East and Summit  
streets.







## TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher because of the careless manner in which they are written.

The late George F. Root's golden wedding was to have been celebrated in a few days. It was an event to which he looked forward and of which he said: "I long for even a more useful life thereafter."

At Bar Harbor, instead of the young men inviting the girls to indulge in the different popular games, such as tennis, golf, etc., the girls have actually to beg the young men to play with them. Mrs. Potter Palmer thinks that the world has turned topsy-turvy, and is horrified.

The Northwest Magazine points out the significant fact that a bushel of wheat is now carried from Duluth to Buffalo for two cents or less, a distance of over 1,000 miles, while it still costs from three to five cents to carry it from Buffalo to New York, a distance of 495 miles.

A factory in Anniston, Ala., has received the contract for equipping the city of Tokio, Japan, with water pipes. Factories in England, Germany, Belgium and other European countries competed in the bidding, but the Alabama contractors were successful. The water pipes are shipped to Tokio by way of Liverpool.

FROM reports received from southwestern Missouri thousands of bushels of peaches will be lost because they can not be marketed to advantage under present transportation facilities. Some attempt has been made to convert these great quantities of fruit into brandies, etc., but in spite of this the loss will be heavy.

The Marquis Eugene de Beauharnais, blockade runner and financial agent of the Confederacy, one of the most daring adventurers of the age, and one upon whose head the United States government once set a reward of \$80,000, is now visiting San Francisco. He is a handsome man, apparently little more than 55 years old.

The Russians have made a singular discovery in Central Asia. In Turkistan, on the right bank of the Amou Daria, is a chain of rocky hills near the Bokharan town of Karkhi, and a number of large caves, which, upon examination, were found to lead to an underground city, built apparently long before the Christian era.

The coming man in Turkey is Turchan Pasha, the new foreign minister, who has had a remarkable career and is in high favor with the sultan and the grand vizier. He was educated in France, and his wife is one of Turkey's rare "new women." At her husband's official receptions she stands by his side unveiled, dressed in the latest European styles and wearing eye glasses.

DR. REILLY, of the Chicago board of health, has issued a manifesto against kissing. He paints in horrible colors the dangers of bacilli transmission through the medium of osculation, and earnestly pleads that all young couples who feel they can not give up the pernicious practice carry around with them bottles of carbolic acid and wash their lips carefully with it after each contact.

Two \$1,000 notes, torn in half, were found amid rubbish in Washington. The notes were thought to be counterfeit, but were carried to the United States treasury, where it was ascertained that the find was genuine money, but that these notes formed part of a robbery effected some time since, and, as their numbers had been published, they could not be offered by the robbers without danger.

ARMIES of the caterpillar nuisance, reports have been received from Bismarck, N. D., which state that a new kind of caterpillar has made its appearance in that region, and has proceeded at once to denude shade trees of their foliage. The worm spins a cocoon, which is large and unusually strong fibre. Upon examination by experts it has been found that the thread is almost as strong as silk and of similar texture.

A STEAMER running on rails is a curious sight to be seen near Copenhagen. Two lakes are separated by a narrow strip of land on which rails are laid running into the water on either side. The steamer, which is forty-four feet long and carries seventy passengers, is guided to the rails by piles like a ferry slip. It has wheels on either side which fit the rails, and is driven full speed up one side and down the other into the water on the other side.

PEOPLE in the vicinity of Pittsburgh have started a movement in favor of composite roads, consisting of a macadamized track about a dozen feet wide with a dirt road alongside of it. It is well known that dirt roads in summer afford pleasant driving than any other kind, but in winter or continued wet weather they are at the other extreme. It is stated that this combination road can be built for \$10,000 a mile, or about half as much as one macadamized full width.

## READY FOR WORK.

### Silver Democrats Formulate Plans for the Campaign.

Result of Their Conference at Washington—Text of an Address and Series of Resolutions Adopted—Work of Organization.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The corridors of the Metropolitan hotel were crowded early Wednesday with delegates to the conference of silver democrats called to meet there for the purpose of agreeing upon a line of policy to be pursued in the interest of silver in the democratic party. While the call for the conference issued by Senators Harris, Turpie and Jones, of Arkansas, did not specify the hour, the meeting was postponed until noon.

The meeting was called to order at 12 o'clock by Senator Harris, who moved that Senator Jones, of Arkansas, be made chairman and William C. Hinrichsen, of Illinois, secretary. This was done. Senator Jones, in opening, said that the conference had met in accordance with the call, which explained its purpose. He wanted to see a silver militia organized to cope with the gold forces. The roll call showed nineteen states represented, with the following number of delegates:

Virginia, 15; West Virginia, 2; Arkansas, 3; Colorado, 3; South Carolina, 1; North Carolina, 3; Illinois, 14; Florida, 4; Tennessee, 4; Alabama, 4; Ohio, 1; Georgia, 2; Missouri, 14; Indiana, 2; Delaware, 1; Maryland, 3; Kentucky, 1; Mississippi, 1; and North Dakota, 1.

On motion of Senator Daniel, of Virginia, the chairman appointed the following committee to prepare a programme of proceedings and resolutions, and report the same to the conference at an adjourned meeting to be held at 4 p. m.

Missouri, Gov. Stone and H. M. Hill; North Carolina, Senator Jarvis; Illinois, W. H. Hinrichsen; Indiana, A. W. Clark; Georgia, ex-Senator Walsh; Alabama, J. F. Johnson; Tennessee, E. M. Carmack; Virginia, Senator Daniel; Kentucky, W. Woodson; Colorado, A. Newell; North Dakota, W. R. Bierby; Ohio, P. S. Yoder; Delaware, J. F. Sanebury; Maryland, M. M. Pullman; Mississippi, W. S. Stockdale; South Carolina, J. F. Trentlen; West Virginia, J. J. Cromwell; Texas, ex-Representative Hare; Arkansas, Senator Jones, and Florida, J. S. Beard.

The conference reassembled at 4 o'clock. Senator Daniel, in accordance with the agreement reached by the committee on programme, reported progress and asked that the conference adjourn until 10 o'clock Thursday morning, at which time they expected to be able to report resolutions and an address to the party. The request of Senator Daniel met prompt compliance and the conference adjourned until 10 o'clock to-day.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Without a dissenting voice the delegates to the silver conference on Thursday adopted free coinage resolutions, appointed a provisional committee to perfect a national organization, made speeches anything but complimentary of the administration and adjourned sine die. When the committee reports were announced as complete shortly before noon, Senator Jones took the chair and Gov. Jones, of Missouri, presented the address. He announced that it was substantially the same as that partially adopted by the Texas silver convention and adopted in toto by the Mississippi convention.

The address.

After explaining the call for the conference and declaring that it was "purely a voluntary assemblage and therefore does not speak with party authority" it proceeds as follows: "Profoundly conscious that the democratic party to-day confronts a crisis the most momentous in its history and fraught with far-reaching peril to the people and the country, we are assembled as individual democrats to take counsel together and for the undisputed purpose of inaugurating and promoting a thorough and systematic organization of the democratic masses, so that they may go forward as one man with a resolute purpose to rescue the old party, founded by Thomas Jefferson, from plutocratic domination.

"Therefore, with this object in view, this convention of American democrats, composed of representatives from twenty-two of the leading states of the union, make the following declaration on the monetary question which has been forced into the leading place among the issues of to-day. The federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money metal of the United States. The first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio measured by the silver dollar unit.

"From the beginning of the government, following a policy formulated by Thomas Jefferson and firmly established by Jackson, the democratic party has been the party of bimetallism favoring the free coinage of both silver and gold at the national mint and opposed to farming out to banking corporations the government's sovereign power of issuing and controlling the money of the people.

Act of 1873.

"The act of 1873 demonetizing silver was surreptitiously passed without the approval or knowledge of the American people, and from the time when the effect of this act in fastening upon this country the single gold standard was understood the democratic party has consistently and persistently urged that the grievous wrong be righted.

"Failure to accomplish this object has resulted in the steady appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people, a heavy increase in the burden of all debts, public and private, the enrichment of the money-lending class, paralysis of industry and the impoverishment of the people and unexampled distress in all gold standard countries. Experience has shown that while under the single gold standard there may be an occasional revival of business activity accompanied by enhanced prices of a limited number of commodities, such revival is due to artificial and temporary causes and cannot permanently alleviate the sufferings due to the falling of prices brought about by the appreciation of gold and the inadequate supply of primary or redemption money.

"The rights of the American people, the interests of American labor and the prosperity

of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the people's lawmakers than the greed of foreign creditors or the avaricious demands made by 'idle holders of idle capital.'

An Inalienable Right.

"The right to regulate its own monetary system in the interest of its own people is a right which no free government can barter, sell or surrender. This reserved right is a part of every bond, of every contract and of every obligation. No creditor or claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligations to promote the welfare of the masses of its people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all other debts and one that it is not only dishonest but treasonable to ignore.

"The land and its products are the basis of all developments and prosperity. The productive capacity of a country must be the basis of its credit. In opposing the policy of contraction, which must inevitably depreciate the values of land and its products, we are the supporters of property rights and sound credit and stand between the homes and estates of the people and the red flag of the auctioneer.

"The policy of gold monometallism has been characterized by repeated and disastrous financial panics. The farmers have found their prosperity and independence constantly waning under its blighting influences.

"Manufacturers are interested to oppose it, for they find the price of sale falling below the cost of production. Merchants should oppose it, for with the falling prices they are often compelled to sell for less than they paid for manufactured goods. Neither manufacturer nor merchant can prosper unless the mass of consumers realize such prices for their products and labor and supply themselves liberally with the necessities and luxuries of life, nor can the wage earner prosper, for under depressed conditions there is less and less competition for his labor.

Traditional Friend of Bimetallism.

"The democratic party is the traditional friend and champion of bimetallism. Its strength and power and popularity has been largely built upon its steadfast opposition to the demonetization of silver and its record of unwearied effort to restore it to its historic place as a money metal equal with gold. The effort at this late day to make it par excellence the champion of gold monometallism, the enemy of the policy it has upheld, and the defender of the crime it has denounced, is an effort to dishonor its record, its promises and its principles. The moment the democratic party is forced into this and crowns its great adversary with glory and honor.

"Duty to the people requires that the party of the people continue the battle for bimetallism until the efforts are crowned with success; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the democratic party in national convention assembled should demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into primary or redemption money at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation.

"Resolved, That it should declare its irrevocable opposition to the substitution for a metallic money of a panic-breeding corporation credit currency, based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that it can be cornered at any time by a few banking institutions in Europe and America.

"Resolved, That it should declare its opposition to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by the law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

"Resolved, That it should declare its opposition to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds in the United States in time of peace, and especially to placing the treasury of the government under the control of any syndicate of bankers and the issuance of bonds to be sold by them at an enormous profit for the purpose of supplying the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

"With a view to securing the adherence to a re-adoption of the democratic national convention to be assembled in 1896 and of the nomination of a candidate for the presidency, well known to be in hearty sympathy therewith, we hereby pledge our mutual cooperation, and urgently recommend to democratic brethren in all the states to at once begin and vigorously and systematically prosecute the work of a thorough organization, and to this end the adoption of the plan of organization herewith submitted is recommended.

Mr. Hill, of Missouri, moved the adoption of the address and resolutions, which were agreed to by a unanimous vote.

### Plan of Reorganization.

The plan of organization recommended by the committee was outlined to the conference as follows:

"Believing that a large majority of the democratic voters of the United States are in harmony with the sentiments expressed in the foregoing address and knowing that a full and free expression of their views can only be ascertained and made effective through proper organization, we recommend the following plan of organization:

"First—There shall be a national committee of democrats who are in favor of both gold and silver as the money of the constitution, which shall be composed of one democrat from each state and the executive committee herein-after provided for.

"Second—That until otherwise ordered by the national committee, Senators Harris, of Tennessee; Jones, of Arkansas; Turpie, of Indiana; and Hon. W. J. Stone, of Missouri, and Hon. W. H. Hinrichsen, of Illinois, be and are hereby constituted the executive committee and shall have full power and authority and it shall be their duty at as early a day as possible to appoint the members of the national committee herein provided for and to fill vacancies in the same.

"Third—That said executive committee shall have full control and direction of the patriotic effort of the bimetallic democrats of the nation to secure in the next democratic convention the maintenance of the time-honored principles and policies of the democratic party."

After adopting the address and resolutions, and the plan of reorganization, the silver conference at 12:45 p. m. adjourned sine die.

### Commercial Lawyers.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 17.—As an outcome of the convention of commercial lawyers which has been in session here for several days, a national association, to be known as "The Commercial Lawyers' League of America," was formed Thursday. Commercial lawyers, credit men, collection managers, agency managers and publishers of law journals are eligible to membership. W. S. Sprague, of Detroit, was elected president. The convention next year will be held in Omaha, Neb.

### The British Parliament.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—After the house of commons reassembled Thursday the members were summoned to the house of lords with the usual formalities and the queen's speech was read by the lord chancellor, Baron Halsbury.

## HORROR AT MIDNIGHT.

### The Gumry Hotel at Denver Wrecked by an Explosion.

The Ruins Take Fire and It Is Thought That Two Score of the Inmates Have Lost Their Lives—Heartrending Scenes.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 19.—The Gumry hotel, Nos. 1725 to 1733 Lawrence street, was wrecked by a terrific explosion at 12:10 o'clock a. m. The rear half of the building, a five-story brick and stone structure, went down with a crash.

The hotel was crowded with guests and many of them must have been killed, as well as the entire force of hotel employees, who were sleeping in the portion of the building which fell.

On both sides of Lawrence, from Seventeenth to Eighteenth street, and on Larimer, directly back of the Gumry, the plate glass windows of the business houses were blown in and a number of pedestrians were injured by falling glass. The fronts of many buildings in the vicinity were badly wrecked.

The hotel structure for 100 feet along the alley and extending 75 feet toward the front is a mass of debris. Brick and plaster are piled in heaps 20 feet high, and from this mass of wreckage can be heard the moans of the injured and dying.

At 12:35 five injured persons had been taken out. They were all inmates of the upper story, and sank down with the floors, escaping more fortunately than those above, who are still buried in the ruins.

The firemen were working like beavers, and digging into the debris, but are making little progress. The remaining portion of the building, from which the guests are being removed by ladders as fast as possible, was expected to fall at any moment, and precautions to avert further loss of life added to the difficulty in reaching the dead and injured.

By some estimates forty people were in the portion of the hotel destroyed, nearly all of whom must be dead. It will be late before a full list can be obtained.

The cause of the explosion is uncertain, but it is supposed that the battery of the boilers in the hotel basement exploded.

The sound of the explosion was heard throughout the city, awakening people in bed a mile from the scene. A cloud of dust was thrown a thousand feet in the air, and as there is not a breath of air stirring it still hangs in the air like a huge column. Minute atoms of powdered brick and mortar are descending like gentle snow.

At 12:30 the ruins were burning fiercely and the firemen were obliged to retreat from the work of rescue. Every engine in the city was pouring streams into the mass, but it was evident the flames could not possibly be gotten under control before many of the injured had been cremated.

As their chances of escape lessened the cries of the imprisoned people increased, heartrending shrieks rising from every portion of the great mass of wreckage.

Fears were entertained that the front portion of the building, which seemed to be tottering, would fall and bury the firemen at their work.

During the height of the excitement a hose team ran away on Eighteenth street, stampeding the great crowd of spectators. A number of people were more or less injured by being trampled upon and falling in the broken glass, which covered the streets and sidewalks in every direction.

Electric light wires dangling from broken poles in the alley added fresh peril to the firemen. One horse was killed by coming in contact with a live wire. Two injured women had been almost extricated from the ruins, when the flames approached so close that the rescuers had to abandon them for their own safety.

Both voices were soon silenced, fire completing the work commenced by the explosion. The bodies of three women were also to be seen in the back part of the building, but could not be reached.

### FAMOUS BUILDING BURNS.

Destruction of Holmes' "Castle" at Englewood, Ill.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Holmes' notorious "castle," Sixty-third and Wallace streets, the place of murder and mystery, was almost destroyed by fire early this morning, the walls and part of the roof alone remaining. The origin of the blaze is almost as much a mystery as that of the one which partially wrecked it several years ago.

Just after midnight three explosions were heard and immediately fire burst from the windows. What caused the explosions is a mystery. The loss will be \$25,000. The building was being remodeled as a museum to be stocked with relics of the man accused of many crimes.

### WALLS BLOWN DOWN.

One Workman Killed and Others Injured During a Thunder Storm.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 19.—During a severe storm Saturday morning the walls of the United Presbyterian church, now in course of construction, collapsed and a number of workmen were thrown to the ground. Frank Senova was killed and three other men were severely injured.

## TO VINDICATE DEBS.

A General Call for an Expression of Sympathy.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Eugene V. Debs is likely on Labor day to receive friendly messages from thousands of sources. The labor leader, who won renown in the big railroad strike of 1894 spurs a pardon. He says he wishes to work out his salvation in his own way—in jail. Mr. Debs' associates have issued the following cards, which they believe will bring the required responses: "Let every union, every labor man, every mechanic, farmer, merchant, business man, professional man—in short, every friend of civil liberty—send a telegram to Woodstock, Ill., on Labor day, denouncing the supreme court decision. Let it be labor's lightning to thunder along the wires to Woodstock until plutocracy is struck dazzled and dumb."

THREE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 19.—The Railway Times, the organ of the American Railway union, in the current number gives to the public the correspondence between President Eugene V. Debs and the department of justice in regard to the application for a pardon which was filed in the department by a labor union of Philadelphia without the knowledge of Debs or his associates. The first Debs knew of the application for pardon was a notice from the department of justice that as ex-District Attorney Milchrist had reported unfavorably on the application it would not be granted. Then Debs wrote to the department to ask where the application came from and to Milchrist to tell him that he had not asked for a pardon. In the letter to the department of justice asking for the names of the persons who made the application Debs says:

"It was an utter surprise, as we had not thought of asking for a pardon. The department of justice refused us justice and we scorn its mercy. I speak for all my colleagues as well as myself when I say we would rather rot in jail than enjoy our freedom by the clemency of those who sentenced us."

The pardon clerk sent the names of the applicants, and Debs to this replied that he and his associates "desired no pardon, because they had committed no crime, and had not been tried or convicted. We are entitled to our liberty as a matter of right, but we do not want it on the ground of mercy."

### GREAT SLAUGHTER.

Battle in British Honduras—Many Hundreds Are Killed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—A letter just received in Trenton, N. J., says that a bloody battle occurred on August 3 at Straun creek and Mullins river, about 30 miles south of Belize, in British Honduras. The trouble arose over an attempt of English farmers to build a railroad from their plantations to the coast through the Carib reservations. The English planters, set about 3,000 Jamaica negroes at work on the construction of the road in spite of warnings by the Caribs of trouble. The letter continues:

"Late in the afternoon of August 2 the Caribs in large numbers, armed with machetes, advanced upon the Jamaica negroes at work upon the railroad and ordered them to take up the rails which they had put down. The Jamaicans' not only refused but threatened to attack the Caribs unless they cleared out."

"The Caribs went away, but returned in less than an hour to the number of close upon 7,000, and immediately began to tear up the newly laid rails. The infuriated Englishmen, on seeing this done, ordered their negroes to resist. The moment the Jamaicans raised their weapons the Caribs rushed upon them, and with their machetes hacked and chopped the negroes to pieces. Small as their numbers were, the Jamaicans fought bravely and killed many of their antagonists, but they could only stand against the Caribs two hours.

"By that time the ground was literally covered with dead and wounded. Some had their heads or some of their limbs chopped off. English used their guns with deadly effect. Between 500 and 600 negroes in all were killed and about as many wounded, while the Caribs had about 300 killed and twice as many wounded, some mortally. As soon as the negroes were forced to beat the retreat the Caribs went to work and tore up every foot of rail, damaged many of the English plantations and destroyed fruit, rubber, etc., to the value of several thousand dollars. The governor, upon hearing the news, ordered out the local military forces. Since the arrival of the soldiers, who number 1,500, nothing further, up to the present time of writing (August 6), has occurred.

"The Caribs say they will repeat their attack if another attempt is made to lay down rails upon their reservations. The governor has ordered the English planters to proceed whenever they feel disposed with the construction of their railroads, which they are likely to do in the course of a few days."

### SENT TO JAIL.

Dr. and Mrs. Hearne, Indicted for the Murder of A. J. Stilwell.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 19.—A special to the Chronicle from Hannibal, Mo., says that the grand jury has returned an indictment against Dr. Hearne and his wife, charging them with the murder of A. J. Stilwell, in Hannibal, about seven years ago. Warrants were immediately issued and Dr. and Mrs. Hearne have been placed under arrest.

Ever since A. J. Stilwell, the wealthy pork packer, was murdered in his bed on the night of December 21, 1888, Dr. Hearne and the widow of the murdered man have been suspected of the murder, and the case has been investigated by several grand juries. None of them found sufficient evidence to convict until the present grand jury. This indictment is no surprise to the citizens of Hannibal, as more than 90 per cent of the citizens believe that Dr. Hearne and his wife are guilty.

### KILLED TWO MEN.

A Game of Cards Causes a Double Murder Near Marion, Ill.

CARROLLTON, Ill., Aug. 19.—Near Marion, Saturday evening, Fred H. hold shot and instantly killed William Malke and William Read with a double barreled shotgun. It was the result of a quarrel over a game of cards.



## AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

### BECOMING A NECESSITY.

The Demand for Good Roads Is No Longer a Mere Fad.

Good roads, good country roads, are becoming more and more a necessity of the day and age. The advent of the bicycle has created a demand for good roads among a class which before its advent had little care for country roads. The probable early advent of horseless carriages will tend to emphasize that demand and will add to the fast growing good-roads army. To the farmer good roads have been a necessity, which, alas, he has had in too many instances to get along without. In 1893 the agricultural department of the federal government made an investigation into the road question. The object of that investigation was to secure some reliable information concerning the cost of motive power to farmers and how affected by country roads. The first thing learned was that there were on United States farms 53,393,888 draught animals, of which 14,213,837 were horses, 2,331,677 mules and 36,849,021 oxen, having a total value of \$1,721,535,798. In other words, to do their hauling the



A FALLACIOUS ARGUMENT.

"Our Taxes are High Enough Now, and We Farmers Don't Propose to Build Roads for Them Bystic Fellers to Ride Over."

farmers of the United States had invested in round numbers, \$1,750,000,000. That is a pretty large sum; if invested at 5 per cent. interest it would produce nearly \$1,750,000 each week. Of these draught animals more than 10,500,000 are horses and mules, worth at a modest estimate more than \$100,000,000. Now, it costs to feed them on an average, one year with another, about \$4,000,000 a day, but what is of greater interest, is the estimate that bad roads cost the farmers \$15 a year for each horse and mule in his service. Taking this estimate as a basis it will be seen that the farmers pay each year for bad roads \$248,182,400. That is, if Prof. Latt's, of Purdue university, estimated cost of reconstructing bad roads over into good ones is to be taken as a basis, the bad roads of the country cost the farmers enough each year to build 216,564 miles of good roads. If built in a straight line that number of miles of road would encircle the world nearly nine times, and would cross and recross the United States about fifty times. Bicyclists must have good roads if they would have the full enjoyment of their wheels, the horseless carriages must have good roads, and over and above all the farmer more than either must have good roads; therefore if these elements would unite as one insistent and intelligent whole for good roads, no state legislature would dare to ignore so universal a request.—Grand Rapids (Mich.) Herald.

### WOMEN AND GOOD ROADS.

Grand Work Done by Twenty Pretty New England Girls.

Ten years ago no one dreamed that the time would ever come when women would be directly interested concerning the condition of the public thoroughfares. But the bicycle which is responsible for such a general stirring up of old conclusions has really set them to thinking on this very topic. And when a woman thinks she's very likely to act. Just one weak little woman's momentary impulse will often result in more real purpose being accomplished, than will a three days' convention of wise old professors whose excessive prudence is a positive prohibition to progress.

It is said that twenty pretty bicycle girls of East Lynn, disgusted by the disgraceful condition of the public roads in those parts, determined to institute a radical reform. They turned out in full force with picks, shovels and rollers, and repaired the worst of the road. When the bloomed beauties finished their week's work they pointed with pride to several miles of road which they had made fit for wheeling. In Cincinnati recently one hundred women armed with brooms, hoes, wheelbarrows and shovels began early one morning to clean the streets. From early in the morning until sunset the women toiled and one of the principal streets of the city was cleaned as bright as a new dish pan. Whenever a street-cleaning official came along that way he was loudly blessed. It was an object lesson which it would seem can hardly fail to have its effect.

If the women of this broad land seriously take up the matter of good roads and clean streets something definite and immediate will be the result, because woman is a determined creature and "if she will, she will; and there's an end on't."—Good Roads.

In the private dairy will adopt the same rules and the same implements that the creamery has, it will turn out just as good and uniform products as the creamery can.

## HOME CHEESE-MAKING.

How Many of the Troubles of the Amateur May Be Avoided.

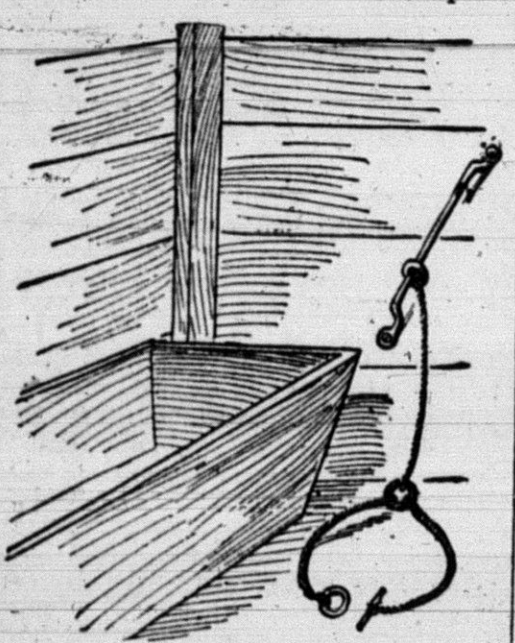
The New England Homestead gives the following suggestions for home cheese-making: Strain the milk into a vat and add half a pint of rennet to one hundred gallons of milk, which should bring the curd in one hour when the temperature is at about 80 degrees. Stir the rennet and milk thoroughly. Many of the unknown troubles of the amateur cheese maker arise from the use of ill-conditioned rennet; if doubts as to its purity exist, it should be filtered through a flannel or cotton fiber. As the condition of rennet, quality of milk and temperature vary at nearly every cheese making, the prepared rennet tablets sold by dairy supply houses are undoubtedly more certain in results. To the beginner a thermometer accurately graduated is essential to success. The curd is cut into one-inch squares immediately after it has formed, to hasten the separation of whey and curd. The cutting is repeated two or three times at half hour intervals and then dipped carefully into a basket in which a strainer has been placed. Arrange the basket on a ladder over the whey receiver and cut the curd occasionally to hasten draining. When compact and fairly free from whey, tie the strainer ends by opposite corners and hang in a cool place until the morning run is made. Proceed with the morning's milk precisely in the same way until ready to hang. This curd requires a little more draining that it may be firm and decidedly free from whey.

Cut the night and morning curds in slices, place in a bowl and chop into pieces a-half inch in diameter. Pour over the curds a gallon of hot whey or water and stir until a squeaking sound is made. Drain off the scalding water, add salt to taste and thoroughly mix in the curd. Place a dry strainer in the hoop, carefully introduce the curd, fold the strainer neatly over the top, put the follower on and consign to the press. Only enough weight should be used to nicely consolidate the cheese and press out the small remaining portions of whey. If placed in the press in the morning, at night turn the cheese, substitute a fresh strainer, the next day remove from the press, butter the sides, top and bottom, and place on an odorless board, in a cool, airy place, to cure. Four weeks for curing is necessary, and during this time the cheese should be turned daily and buttered if inclined to adhere to the board. As cheese is liable to expand, a band of strong cloth should be drawn and sewed tightly around it to obviate cracking.

### FOR FASTENING CATTLE.

Description of a Simple, Convenient and Economical Tie.

There are a great many kinds of cattle ties, for which various merits are claimed, but one of the simplest



CATTLE TIE.

and most convenient we have met with is shown in our illustration. The cows are stabled two in a stall with a shallow gutter in the rear, to which the inner floor should slope a couple of inches, affording ample drainage and keeping the cattle clean. The chain slides on the rod fastened to the side of the stall by bolts, which, passing through, fasten another rod to the other side of the partition.—N. Y. World.

### AROUND THE DAIRY.

PROF. SANBORN says that cut clover and straw are as good for feeding as timothy.

E. W. STEWART praises highly ground white beans as food for milch cows. Of course they would be excellent.

ALWAYS churn just as soon as there is cream enough and sufficient acidity develops. If cream is held beyond that it will be injured.

Cows do well on pumpkins, but they should not be fed too freely. Cut them in pieces with a corn cutter and feed mixed with wheat bran.

Put up ensilage, but do not expect that it will be a perfect ration, especially if there is not considerable corn in it. Supplement it in feeding with grain.

The curing-room for cheese should be kept at a temperature of 65 to 70 degrees. The room must be so constructed that the outside temperature will have no effect upon it.

If the butter does not come in a reasonable time, try a different temperature. Just what temperature a certain lot of cream requires must often be determined by experiment.—Farmers' Voice.

## THE DUCK FARMS OF CHINA.

Some Queer Sights on the Rivers of Soochow.

We expected to see something wonderfully fine when we reached Soochow; for does not the ancient proverb read: "Above are the halls of Heaven; below are Soochow and Hangchow?" But we only saw what afterward seemed to us a typical Chinese city, and it is not to the cities that I would especially recommend sight-seers to go. The fame and splendor of a Chinese city lie not upon its being any cleaner than others, or upon its having wider streets, but upon the wealth of its merchants, the number of its pagodas, the gorgeousness of its temples, the beauty of its tea gardens, and the like. Thus Soochow is great, and its women are called the belles of the world. There the floating duck farms and the multitudes of river craft interested us most. In a quiet reach of water beside the walls we saw many hundreds of ducks, each containing five hundred to a thousand birds. The shores were covered and the water was alive with them. The herders sat idly in small boats, while the ducks swam freely about, each flock making a tremendous brown spot upon the water. We watched to see one flock join another, and see how the owners would separate them afterward, but they did not join forces, and I doubt whether they ever would. The drakes led their followers away whenever two herds came too near. On another day, near Soochow, we saw a duck farm bigger than all these put together.

What would the reader think of seeing a farmer traveling to market with as many ducks as could be crowded into more than the space of the park between the city hall and the post office in New York city—a mass of perhaps two city blocks of duck flesh and feathers? That was what was driven past us on the Grand canal one day. Two men in two boats were driving the ducks before them, all as thick upon the water as they could swim. Each man carried a long slender bamboo rod with the heart of a palm leaf on the end of it. With this he kept the red and gray squawking mass in order. He whipped back into its place every duck that sagged out of the mass, or that lagged behind, or showed a disposition to make for the shore. Suddenly several boats came along in the opposite direction—a big chop boat and two or three smaller vessels. They were sailing swiftly before a fresh breeze directly down upon the acre or two of ducks. There seemed no way to prevent a terrible slaughter of poultry. The big chop boat, like a house blown before the gale, sped toward the advancing feathered host, and at last the birds that were in the way were almost under her bows. Then a flutter seized many square yards of ducks, the immense flock broke apart, a crack in it opened before the chop boat and widened until the boat swept through a canal that divided the flock. Not one duck was run over.—Julian Ralph, in Harper's Magazine.

### An Injured Man.

"I came near marrying an heiress once through a matrimonial bureau." "You did?" "Fact. We exchanged portraits, and things were going on swimmingly when I was nominated for office and the local paper published my portrait. She saw it and I was dish." "Why, she ought to have been proud of you." "She wasn't. She demanded the return of her letters, called me a scoundrel for palming off another person's portrait on her, and expressed her wonder that such a desperate looking villain as I appeared in the paper could write such pleasant letters.—Texas Siftings.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.	
LIVE STOCK—Beesves	\$1.25 @ 5.75
Sheep	1.00 @ 3.50
Hogs	5.00 @ 10.10
FLLOUR—Winter Patents	3.55 @ 3.85
Minnesota Patents	3.75 @ 3.95
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	70 1/2 @ 71
No. 1 Northern	73 1/2 @ 74 1/2
CORN—Mess, New	43 @ 45 1/2
September	43 1/2 @ 44 1/2
OATS—No. 2	26 @ 26 1/2
September	24 1/2 @ 25 1/2
RYE	70 @ 70 1/2
PORK—Mess, New	11.00 @ 11.50
LARD—Western Steam	6.50 @ 6.55
BUTTER—West'n Creamery	13 @ 20
Western Dairy	9 1/2 @ 18
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	\$3.00 @ 6.05
Stockers and Feeders	2.25 @ 4.00
Mixed Cows and Bulls	1.00 @ 3.65
Texas Steers	2.70 @ 3.80
HOGS—Light	4.45 @ 5.00
Heavy Packing	4.35 @ 4.65
SHEEP	1.75 @ 3.00
BUTTER—Creamery	11 1/2 @ 19
Dairy	5 @ 6 1/2
Packing Stock	6 @ 10 1/2
EGGS—Fresh	11 @ 12
BROOM CORN (per ton)	45.00 @ 100.00
POTATOES (per bu.)	1.00 @ 3.00
PORK—Mess	9.75 @ 10.00
FLLOUR—Steam	6.10 @ 6.15 1/2
LARD—Spring Patents	3.75 @ 4.25
Spring Straights	2.50 @ 3.25
Winter Patents	3.00 @ 3.75
Winter Straights	3.00 @ 3.40
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	65 1/2 @ 65 3/4
Corn, No. 2	30 1/2 @ 40 1/2
Oats, No. 2	21 @ 21 1/2
Rye, No. 2	42 1/2 @ 43
Barley, Common to Good	30 @ 38
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring	63 1/2 @ 64 1/2
Corn, No. 3	38 @ 38 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White	24 @ 24 1/2
Rye, No. 1	45 1/2 @ 46
Barley	43 @ 43 1/2
PORK—Mess	9.30 @ 9.35
LARD	5.85 @ 5.90
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	\$4.25 @ 5.05
Stockers and Feeders	2.25 @ 4.00
HOGS—Light and Mixed	4.40 @ 4.65
Winter Straights	4.00 @ 4.70
SHEEP	2.00 @ 3.30
OMAHA.	
CATTLE	\$3.40 @ 4.35
Feeders	2.40 @ 3.80
HOGS—Light and Mixed	4.40 @ 4.65
Winter Straights	4.00 @ 4.70
SHEEP	2.00 @ 3.30

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

This is the excellent foppery of the world! that, when we are sick in fortune, we make guilty of our disasters the sun, the moon, and the stars; as if we were villains by necessity; fools by heavenly compulsion; knaves, thieves and treachers by spherical predominance.—Shakespeare.

The Most Sensitive Thing on Earth Is a human nerve. This in a state of health. Let it become overstrained or weakened, and the sensitiveness is increased tenfold. For weak or overwrought nerves, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best tonic in existence, since it invigorates and quiets them at the same time. It also possesses superlative efficacy in dyspepsia, constipation, malarial and kidney complaints, rheumatism and neuralgia.

The man who carries a single state is accounted now of worth; But in early days old Atlas was The man who carried the earth.—Indianapolis Journal.

Tobacco-Twisted Nerves. Millions of men keep asking for stimulants because the nervous system is constantly irritated by nicotine poison. Cheiving or smoking destroys manhood and nerve power. It's not a habit, but a disease, and you will find a guaranteed cure in No-To-Bac, sold by Druggists everywhere. Book free. The Sterling Remedy Co., New York City or Chicago.

HE—"Do you really think kissing is wicked?" The New Woman—"It is worse than wicked. It is insanitary."—Indianapolis Journal.

McVicker's Theater. Miss Gladys Wallis makes her first appearance as a star in Chicago August 26th. She will be remembered as having been the bright vivacious ingenue with Mr. Wm. H. Crane, the comedian, for a number of years. A HISTORY will live, though written ever so indifferently; and it is generally less suspected than the rhetoric of the muses.—Shenstone.

Do You Desire to Adopt a Child? Address the International Children's Home Society, 234 La Salle St., Chicago, Illinois, Rev. Dr. Frank M. Gregg, General Manager. Such a child as you may desire, of any age, will be sent you on ninety days' trial.

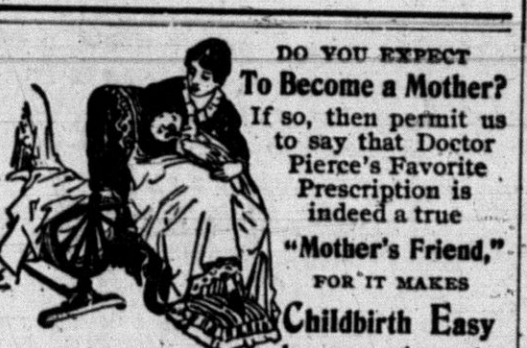
Doctor—"Madam, I much regret to say that your husband has appendicitis." Wife—"Now I know where all my raisins have gone."—Truth.

The excessive pleasure we feel in talking of ourselves ought to make us apprehensive that we afford little to our auditors.—Rochefoucauld.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

ALEXANDER received more bravery of mind by the pattern of Achilles than by hearing the definition of fortitude.—Sir F. Sidney.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.



DO YOU EXPECT To Become a Mother? If so, then permit us to say that Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is indeed a true "Mother's Friend," FOR IT MAKES Childbirth Easy by preparing the system for parturition, thus assisting Nature and shortening "Labor." The painful ordeal of childbirth is robbed of its terrors, and the dangers thereof greatly lessened, to both mother and child. The period of confinement is also shortened, the mother strengthened and an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child promoted.

Send twenty-one (21) cents for The People's Medical Adviser, 1000 pages, over 300 illustrations, giving all particulars. Several chapters of this great family doctor book are devoted to the consideration of diseases peculiar to women with suggestions as to successful home treatment of same. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

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# ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI

Send us two two-cent stamps for postage. These dolls have changeable heads. No two dolls dressed alike.

ADAMS & SONS CO., Sand Streets, Brooklyn, N. Y., Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

No Failure of Crops! A Sure Thing! GARDEN, FRUIT AND TRUCK FARMS.

10 ACRES will give a family a good living. 40 ACRES will place you in a few years in an independent position.

WHY SLAVE ALL YOUR LIVES! When Georgia and South Carolina offer such grand inducements for the frugal, thrifty man and woman—climate, soil and surroundings unsurpassed—FREE RAILROAD FARE. Free moving of all your effects, from the time you reach our road. Call or address LAND DEPARTMENT, Augusta, Southern R. R., Carolina Railroad R. R. WALTER H. JACKSON, Commissioner of Immigration, Augusta, Ga. F. S. MORDEANT, General Agent, 235 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

LEWIS' 98% LYE POWDERED AND PERFUMED (PATENTED)

The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfume HARD Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc. PREPARED BY F. S. MORDEANT, General Agent, 235 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

\$60 to \$90 Per Month for Distributing matter. No experience necessary. For particulars send 2 cents in stamps to V. N. WORLEY, FORRESTON, Illinois.

Epochs of faith are epochs of fruitfulness; but epochs of unbelief, however glittering, are barren of all permanent good.—Goethe.

IMAGINATION is a mettled horse that will break the rider's neck, when a donkey would have carried him to the end of his journey slow but sure.—Southey.

No FLATTERY, boy! An honest man cannot live by it; it is a little sneaking art, which knaves use to cajole and soften fools withal.—Otway.

SAFETY to mother and child and less unpleasantness after confinement, result from use of "Mother's Friend." Sold by druggists.



## KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

## PROFITABLE DAIRY WORK

Can only be accomplished with the very best of tools and appliances. Cream Separator you are and better butter, while milk is a valuable feed. Farmers will take to get a illustrated catalogue mailed FREE. DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. & MFG. CO. Cor. Randolph & Dearborn Sts., Chicago.

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## DRUG STORE IN CHICAGO

FOR SALE OR MIGHT TRADE FOR STORE IN GOOD LOCATION. HAS FAVORABLE LEASE, AND TRADE CAN BE STEADILY INCREASED.

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# ST. CLARA'S ACADEMY,

Sarasota, Fla. (Wm. St. Clara's Mount) CONDUCTED BY THE DOMINICAN SISTERS. Situated five miles from DuBouque, Ia., and ten miles from Galena, Ill. Water works, perfect sewer system and telephone connection with neighboring cities. The plan of instruction carried out in this institution unites every advantage which can contribute to a good education. For further particulars address MOTHER PRIOR, St. Clara's Mount, SARASOTA, FLA.

FREE SAMPLE SURE CURE for Piles to any address. HIDER MEDICINE COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y.

A. N. K.—A 1566

PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS. Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, and all other ailments of the throat and lungs. Sold by druggists.



## Well Satisfied with Ayer's Hair Vigor.

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray. I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, and was so well satisfied with the results that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It requires only an occasional application of



### AYER'S

Hair Vigor to keep my hair of good color, to remove dandruff, to heal itching humors, and prevent the hair from falling out. I never hesitate to recommend Ayer's medicines to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, Avoca, Nebr.

## AYER'S Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla for the Complexion.

## SALESMEN WANTED

Pushing, trustworthy men to represent us in the sale of our Choice Nursery Stock. Specialties controlled by us. Highest Salary or Commission paid weekly. Steady employment the year round. Outfit free; exclusive territory; experience not necessary; big pay assured workers; special inducements to beginners. Write at once for particulars to

**ALLEN NURSERY CO.**  
ROCHESTER, N. Y. 15

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Catches  
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If you want to catch circulating  
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## A. ALLISON.

\$1000 in Gold Given Away as Prizes.

For the best Pictures Taken. On November 15th, 1895, we shall give away ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS in gold for the best pictures taken by the La Crosse Camera.

The prizes will be awarded as follows: \$200 in gold will be given for the best picture taken by this camera; \$100 for the second best; \$50 for the third best; \$25 for the fourth best; \$15 for the fifth best; \$10 for the sixth best, and for the next 40 best \$5 each will be given; for the next 60 best \$2.50 each will be given and for the next 200 best pictures taken by the La Crosse Camera \$1 each will be given making in all \$1000 given away.

We shall do this for two reasons, viz: The first to introduce the La Crosse Camera for 1895; the second, to educate the amateurs in photography. This contest closes on November 1st, 1895.

This camera can be used by any one and is sold under a positive written guarantee to do the work or money refunded.

Sent by express with full instructions and rules governing this contest upon receipt of express money order for \$1.75.

Remember, A WRITTEN GUARANTEE GOES WITH EVERY CAMERA.

Address, LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., La Crosse, Wis.



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Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, engravings, photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

### Western Women.

If a woman cannot become a voter without losing her agreeableness, her charm of manner, her graciousness of speech; in short, her femininity, keep the ballot away from her; but to assert that she becomes mannish because dignity has been added is to make an assertion that cannot be proved, says the Missoula (Mont.) Republican. Because there are fool women gives no one the authority to claim that all women are fools.

The same does not hold true of men, yet there are many little men. We are passing through an era of them.

Because one woman apes a man, because many women try to unsex themselves, is an argument against them as women, not an argument against women. Men are as blind followers of fashion as women, and are less daring in some things. It is the courage of women as well as false training which leads them on so daring and, sometimes, not very agreeable things. She may be subservient to fashion, but she is not timid. Courage is not a concomitant of man, sexually considered. Equality in everything between the sexes cannot be, but it can exist in a degree, and in that degree can be found the right of woman to cast a ballot, which can be done intelligently, without having a fiber of her nature toughened, a charm removed, the sanctity of home destroyed, the beauty of motherhood lost, the grace of companionship removed, beauty marred, a smile darkened, a dimple banished, caressing touch turned to blow, laughing eye dimmed, or virtue placed beneath a pall for the world to weep over.

### Farm Boys and Good Roads.

For years the students of social and industrial problems have been viewing with alarm the fact that the sons of men employed in agricultural pursuits do not as a rule follow in the footsteps of their fathers.

"Why do the boys leave the farm?" is the question they ask. Well, it may be that the boys leave the farm because they don't wish to take the mean old thing with them when they go to the city. And boys may prefer to live in the city for the reason that with the miserable roads found in many communities, to be removed a few miles from a town means almost complete isolation from the centers of thought and activity.

If the average boy wishes to go into the town, he must drive a mud-road plug of a horse and a rock-rocked cart of some sort. A farmer can't be expected to keep up a neat appearing turnout and drive over roads that are ruinous to horse and carriage.

In every rural community, naturally the most charming place to reside, had plenty of good, smooth roads, there would be a social life among farmers that would be quickening, educating and elevating in its influence, and farm life would possess a charm for young people that is now sadly lacking in many localities.

Boys and girls do not like a pent-up life. Give them good roads to go on when and how they will. The highway is the great thoroughfare along which the world passes. Ambitious, purposeful youth will not live in the fields in solitary confinement. It is going to get up close to the front gate of existence and see what's going on. Fix it so the farmer boys can get somewhere and they'll come back again.—Ann Arbor Courier.

### Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug store.

### Teachers' Examinations.

The examination of teachers of Wash-tenaw county for the ensuing year will be held as follows:

Regular examinations for all grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of August 1895, and the last Thursday of March, 1896.

Regular examination for second and third grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of October, 1895, and the third Thursday of June, 1896.

Special examination for third grade, at Manchester, the third Friday of September, 1895. WM. W. WEDEMEYER, Commissioner of Schools.

Karl's Clover Root, the great Blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation, 25 cts., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

### Odds and Ends.

An old bachelor editor says "a baby is a howling success." He ought to have added, the fellow who never had one of his own at home is not.

A few hundred onion cases for sale. Prices right. C. W. Maroney.

Our mathematician has figured out that an "inch" of rain means a gallon of water spread over a surface of nearly two square feet, or a fall of about 100 tons upon an acre.

Counting in all the sidings and yard tracks, there are over 230,000 miles of railway tracks in this country. The actual distance covered, however, is 176,461 miles.

You cannot say that you have tried everything for your rheumatism until you have taken Ayer's Pills. Hundreds have been cured of this complaint by the use of these Pills alone. They were admitted on exhibition at the World's fair as a standard cathartic.

The surplus of corn will make it remarkably cheap, and throughout the West the belief is that the price will go down to 20 cents, and in some places it is thought 10 cents will be the prevailing figure. At any rate corn will be at a discount and fat stock of all kinds at a premium.

Another son of an Oriental potentate is to make a tour of Europe in order to obtain a knowledge of European customs and civilization. It is Prince Damrong of Siam. His name, whatever it may mean in his native tongue, will excite unfortunate comment in the English-speaking countries that he may visit.

The law provides that school boards of all districts in the state shall purchase a United States flag, at least four feet two inches by eight feet, made of good flag bunting, with flag staff and other appliances, and have the same displayed each school day and such other times as they see fit, upon or near the school house. Failure to do so is a neglect of duty and punishable as such.

The official estimate of wheat consumption in the United States is 4.67 bushels a head of population. It has been revised on figures representing the actual consumption of over 8,000 persons, and it is now fixed at 4.77 bushels a head. This would give 23.85 bushels as the annual consumption of the average family, with a total annual consumption for the entire country of about 334,000,000 bushels.

It is said that in one of the eastern states the young lady members of a bicycle club became so disgusted with the condition of a public road that they devoted a week to working it, at the end of which time the road presented a creditable surface. In the meantime the men folks continued to discuss the good roads matter. It is true, however, that even a small girl can fill up more mud holes with a spade than a United States senator can do with logic.

Not one complaint has ever been made by those using Ayer's Sarsaparilla according to directions. Furthermore, we have yet to learn of a case in which it has failed to afford benefit. So say hundreds of druggists all over the country. Has cured others, will cure you.

The prickly lettuce, lactuca scariola, is a noxious weed introduced from Europe and spreading rapidly in Michigan and other states as well. Some of the experimental station bulletins and many of our agricultural papers have given timely warning to our farmers to war against this noxious intruder. This weed is an annual, it is a strong grower, with the earlier plants now in bloom and some of the seeds ripening. It is closely related to the common lettuce, but has the leaf, edges, the mid-rib and lower stem covered with prickles. It can be found in great abundance in almost every direction, even in our village lots and streets; some fields are filled with it, and but little effort is being manifested upon the part of the farmers to eradicate it. In some parts of the state crops were almost ruined by this intruder—the lettuce is much taller than oats and very thick on the ground. It is the rule of farmers now to sow their wheat and oats land to grass; if the prickly lettuce is allowed to ripen and seed this stubble land, it will be ruinous to next year's crop of grass. The seeds like those of the thistle are carried by a pearly down and are thus transferred for miles.

### To Let.

One hundred Shropshire rams to let just for their keeping, to men that will give them a square deal.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Dexter.

### For Sale.

A large and beautiful village lot on Jefferson street, near the Union school. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at this office.

### Wooden Hats.

Connecticut has always been prolific in inventors with a genius for utilizing wood in unexpected directions from the time when one of her sons manufactured put-negs out of pine knots down to the present day. The latest outcome of this ingenuity is a wooden hat. A Connecticut man has made a machine that cuts a block of wood into fine strips. These are moistened and then woven like straw into head gear, which is said to be very durable. The inventor says that the substance is lighter than straw, and that because of its easier manipulation and lower cost it will supersede the other material.

### Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Marshall tender their best thanks to those many friends who so kindly assisted them in connection with their recent bereavement.

### Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gundersen, of Diamonddale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

### Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Aug. 10, 1895.

M. Vern Hay.

Miss Levta Smith.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

Geo. S. LAIRD P. M.

### Hay Fever.

As the 20th of August approaches, you should fortify your system with Dr. Humphreys' Specific "77" and escape Hay Fever. Price, 25c—all druggists.

### Markets.

Chelsea, Aug. 21, 1895.

Eggs, per dozen	10c
Butter, per pound	14c
Oats, per bushel	23c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	68c
Potatoes, per bushel	35c
Apples, per bushel	30c
Onions, per bushel	75c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.75

### Of Interest to Ladies.

We offer no apology in placing before you "THE LADIES' SAFE PROTECTOR" it is absolutely reliable, easily adjusted, does not become misplaced and insures protection. Can be worn when desired without observation or knowledge of another and prevents disagreeable annoyance under certain conditions. If you use it once you will never be without it. It is a faithful, safe, and reliable friend whenever needed by special circumstances requiring its use. It is an article every woman should keep ready for immediate use. It is simple to use, and inspires confidence to the woman using it. It is reliable and scientifically made, insures protection without injury to health, as any good physician would say. We are of the opinion that no article has ever been made which will give as much satisfaction to the woman of to-day as "THE LADIES' SAFE PROTECTOR." The immense sales of this article is substantial endorsement of our claim. Do not therefore experiment with any of the numerous unreliable articles as it is both dangerous to health and expensive to do so. Such experimenting can only result in loss of time, disappointment and dismal failure. Ladies should remember this before ordering other goods and not waste their time and money on inferior articles. The best is always the cheapest. "THE LADIES' SAFE PROTECTOR" is sold under a positive guarantee for use for one year, with full directions and is sent sealed in plain wrapper upon receipt of express money order for \$2.00, three for \$5.00. Do not wait but order at once. Address THE LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

### R-I-P-A-N-S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



ONE GIVES RELIEF.

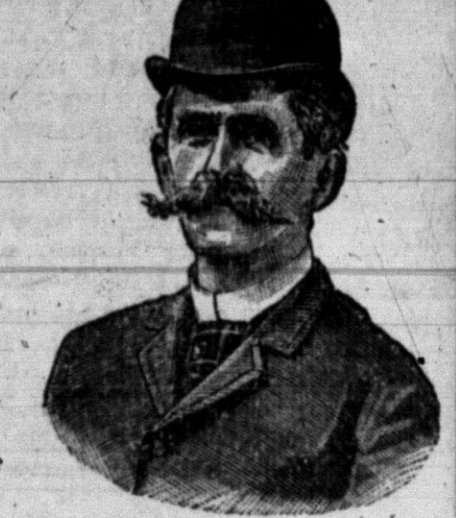
## CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE

25c, 50c, and \$1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

It is sold on a guarantee by all druggists. It cures Incipient Consumption and is the best Cough and Croup Cure.

SOLD BY

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's  
Auctioneer.

Headquarters  
at  
HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished  
Free.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Dora deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Margaret Conway praying the administration of said estate may be granted herself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 2nd day of September next, at ten o'clock in forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law, of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petition should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to all persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereon, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day here on.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,  
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]  
WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

## THE MILD POWER CURES. HUMPHREYS

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years in the people with entire success. Every single Specific is a cure for the disease named.

They cure without dragging, purging or retching the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

- | LIST OF DISEASES.                        | CURES.                                   |
|--|--|
| 1-Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.     | 2-Whooping Cough.                        |
| 3-Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.         | 4-Diarrhoea of Children or Adults.       |
| 5-Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.     | 6-Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.              |
| 7-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.             | 8-Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.        |
| 9-Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.      | 10-Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation. |
| 11-Suppressed or Painful Periods.        | 12-Whitish, Too Profuse Periods.         |
| 13-Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.        | 14-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.    |
| 15-Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.       | 16-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.      |
| 17-Piles, Blind or Bleeding.             | 18-Optic Neuritis, Sore or Itchy Eye.    |
| 19-Cataract, Indurated Sore Throat.      | 20-Whooping Cough.                       |
| 21-Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.          | 22-Bar Discharges, Impaired Hearing.     |
| 23-Gonorrhea, Enlarged Glands, Swelling. | 24-General Debility, Physical Weakness.  |
| 25-Gravel, and Scanty Secretions.        | 26-Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.   |
| 27-Kidney Diseases.                      | 28-Nervous Debility.                     |
| 29-Sore Mouth, or Canker.                | 30-Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.        |
| 31-Painful Periods.                      | 32-Disease of the Heart, Palpitation.    |
| 33-Epilepsy, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance. | 34-Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat.    |
| 35-Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.      | 36-Whooping Cough.                       |
| 37-NEW SPECIFIC FOR GRIP, 25c.           |  |

Put up in small bottles of pleasant pellets, its your vest pocket.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. Do. Humphreys' REMEDIES (144 pages), MAILER FREE.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

## SPECIFICS

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

"THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching in Anus; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. Do. Humphreys' REMEDIES (144 pages), MAILER FREE.